20th Annual Report 2023-24



KUTCH RAILWAY COMPANY LIMITED

Regd. Office: 2nd Floor, Indra Palace Building, H- Block, Connaught Circus
New Delhi- 110001



Board of Directors

Shri K. Raveen Kumar Reddy

Shri Vijay Anand

Shri M. P. Singh

Shri Ajit Singh Shri Deepak Arora

Shri Sumit Sardana

Shri Mudit Mittal

Shri Vikas chandra

Shri Nandeesh Shukla

Shri Bhagyanath Balakrishnan

Capt. Unmesh Abhyankar

Shri Shailendra Kumar

Company Secretary

Shri Sanjeev Sharma

Statutory Auditors

M/s RSPH & Associates

New Delhi

Bankers

Punjab National Bank

Registered Office

2nd Floor, Indra Palace Building H-Block, Connaught Circus

New Delhi - 110 001

Control Office

Area Manager's office Western Railway Behind Natraj Hotel Gandhidham – 370 211 Chairman, Nominee of Ministry of Railways (MoR)

Chief Executive Officer

Director/Nominee/ Rail Vikas Nigam Limited

Director/ Nominee/ Rail Vikas Nigam Limited

Director/Nominee/ Rail Vikas Nigam Limited

Director/ Nominee/ Deendayal Port Authority

Director/ Nominee/ Deendayal Port Authority

Director/ Nominee/ Adani Ports and SEZ Limited

Director/ Nominee/ Adani Ports and SEZ Limited

Chief Financial Officer

Shri Gyanendra Kumar Srivastava

C & AG Auditor

Principal Director of Audit

Railway Commercial, New Delhi

Project Office

Abhishek Complex-3,

5/325, 3rd Floor, Haripura, Civil Hospital Road

Asarwa, Ahmedabad - 380 016

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NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the 20th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of KUTCH RAILWAY COMPANY LIMITED will be held on Monday, 30th September 2024 at 3.30 PM at the registered office of the Company at 2nd Floor, Indra Palace Building, H- Block, Connaught Circus, New Delhi - 110001 and/ or through Video Conference ("VC") / Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM") to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements for the Financial Year ended 31st March 2024 together with the Reports of the Board of Directors' and Auditors' thereon.
- To appoint a Director in place of Shri Deepak Arora (DIN 09111160) who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment.
- To appoint a Director in place of Shri Sumit Sardana (DIN 10183306) who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment.
- 4. To appoint a Director in place of Shri Bhagyanath Balakrishnan (DIN 09481022) who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment.
- 5. To consider fixation of remuneration for the year ending 31st March, 2025 payable to the Statutory Auditors to be appointed by Comptroller & Auditor General of India (C&AG) and to authorize Board of Directors to fix such remuneration for the financial year 2024-25. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013, the appointment of Statutory Auditors, for the year 2024-25 will be made by C&AG. Section 142 of the Companies Act, 2013 provides that general meeting of the Company is empowered to fix the remuneration in such manner as it may determine. The following resolution is placed before the shareholders for their approval:

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT appointment of Statutory Auditors will be made by Comptroller & Auditor General of India (C&AG) under Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the financial year 2024-25 be noted and the Board of Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorized to fix the remuneration payable to them as per Section 142 of the Companies Act, 2013."

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Registered office: 2nd Floor, Indra Palace Building H-Block, Connaught Circus New Delhi – 110001 5th September, 2024 Sd/-(Sanjeev Sharma) Company Secretary

NOTES:

- 1. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has vide its General Circular Nos. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020 and 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, in relation to "Clarification on passing of ordinary and special resolutions by companies under the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder on account of the threat posed by Covid-19", General Circular Nos. 20/2020 dated May 5, 2020, and subsequent circulars issued in this regard, the latest being 10/2022 dated December 28, 2022 in relation to "Clarification on holding of annual general meeting (AGM) through Video Conferencing (VC) or Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM)", (collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars") permitted the holding of the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") through VC/OAVM, without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue. In compliance with the MCA Circulars, the 20th AGM of the Company is being held through VC /OAVM. The registered office of the Company shall be deemed to be the venue for AGM.
- 2. As per the Companies Act, 2013, a member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf. Since the 20th AGM is being held through VC as per the MCA Circulars,

physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be made available for the 20th AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice.

- 3. Corporate Members are required send at email id: info@kutchrail.org a certified copy of the Board resolution authorizing their representative to attend the AGM through VC and vote on their behalf.
- 4. In line with the MCA Circulars, the notice of the 20th AGM along with the Annual Report 2023-24 are being sent only by electronic mode to the Members. Members may please note that this Notice and Annual Report 2023-24 will also be available on the Company's website at www.kutchrail.org.
- 5. Relevant documents referred to in the accompanying Notice are available for inspection electronically by the members at the Registered Office of the Company on all working days except Saturdays and Sundays Between 11.00 AM and 1.00 PM upto the date of the meeting. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to info@kutchrail.org.
 - 6. The members are requested to follow the following instructions in order to participate in the meeting through VC:
 - a) The link to attend the meeting will be send through email separately.
 - b) In case of any queries regarding the Annual Report or the businesses covered under the notice of the meeting, the Members may write to Company Secretary at: info@kutchrail.org to receive an email response.
 - c) In the case of any technical assistance required at the time of meeting w.r.t. joining/accessing/voting at the meeting the members may contact at info@kutchrail.org or call at 011- 23724143, 23724144.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Registered office: 2nd Floor, Indra Palace Building H-Block, Connaught Circus New Delhi – 110001 5th September, 2024 Sd/-(Sanjeev Sharma) Company Secretary

DIRECTORS' REPORT

To The Shareholders Kutch Railway Company Limited

Your directors have pleasure in presenting the 20th Annual Report on the working of Company together with the Audited Statement of Accounts and the Auditors Report for the financial year ending March 31, 2024. It also has an addendum containing Management replies to the observations made in the Auditor's report.

FINANCIAL RESULTS (₹ in lakhs)

	Year 2023-24	Year 2022-23
Income from Operations Other Income	166659.68 4304.31	192738.30 2630.71
Total Income	170963.99	195369.01
Total expenditure (excluding interest depreciation & taxes)	131929.61	160953.40
Exceptional items	(2377.19)	(222.02)
Profit/ (Loss) before interest & depreciation	41411.57	34637.63
Less: Financial Cost Depreciation Total for tax Exp	12387.00 26047.84 1184.27	3138.49 19806.54 4310.76
Profit / (Loss) after tax	1792.46	7381.84
Other Comprehensive Income	(344)	(148)
Total Comprehensive Income	1789.02	7380.36
Profit /(Loss) brought forward from earlier year Profit Available for appropriation	187413.62 174838.59	165758.76 187413.62
Appropriations: Interim Dividend Dividend Dividend Tax	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00
Surplus profit carried to Balance Sheet	174838.59	187413.62

DIVIDEND

To conserve the resources for future prospect and growth of the Company, your directors have not recommended dividend for the Financial Year 2023-24.

OPERATIONS OF THE COMPANY

Income from freight traffic and operating revenue of your company has increased from Rs.113289.56 lakh in 2022-23 to Rs. 117934.83 lakhs in 2023-24. However, the Income from operations of your Company has decreased from Rs.192738.30 lakhs in the Financial Year 2022-23 to Rs. 166659.68 lakh in Financial Year 2023-24. The break-up of the Income from operations is as follow:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	2022-23	2023-24
Income from Freight Traffic & operating revenue	113289.56	117934.83
Construction contract Revenue	79448.74	48724.85
Total	192738.30	166659.68

During the year 2023-24, a total of 28351 goods trains (23167 loaded & 5184 empty) had run on the section carrying total cargo of 47.11 MT which earned revenue of Rs.117934.83 lakhs as compared to year 2022-23 in which a total of 29058 goods trains (24268 loaded & 4790 empty) had run on the section by carrying total cargo of 53.95 MT which earned revenue of Rs.113289.55 lakhs.

The net profit after tax has decreased from Rs.7381.84 Lakhs in 2022-23 to Rs.1792.46 lakhs in 2023-24. The decrease in the net Profit is due to interest on term loan, interest expenses on construction agencies and due to capitalization of Doubling & RE assets. During the year assets worth Rs. 526.89 Crs have been capitalized.

SANCTION OF TERM LOAN FOR DOUBLING AND ELECTRIFICATION PROJECTS

As you are aware to meet the part of the finance of the Doubling and electrification projects of the Company a term loan of Rs. 1000.00 Crs was sanctioned from Punjab National Bank & disbursement was availed for the projects. As you are aware, that due to Covid pandemic and other related factors, the cost of the doubling and Electrification projects was increased. The following was the revised cost of doubling and RE of the Palanpur - Samakhiali – 247.73 KM section and the RE of single line 53 KM between Samakhiali – Gandhidham executed by CORE as approved by the Board of Directors of the Company in FY 2022-23:

SI. No.	Project	Executing agency	Cost of the project (Rs. In Crs)
1. 2. 3.	Doubling of Palanpur – Samakhiali Section 248 KM RE of Palanpur – Samakhiali Section 248 Single line of the double line between Samakhiali – Gandhidham section measuring 53 KM length	RVNL RVNL CORE	2867.16 755.00 97.67
	TOTAL	3719.83	

For funding the increased cost Rs. 867 Crs for the projects, your board decided to raise the funds partly by way of induction of Rs. 571 Crs through fresh Equity from existing shareholders in proportion to their existing shareholding in the Company and balance Rs. 296 Crs through additional term loan from Punjab National Bank.

The Board of the Directors of the Company in its 96th Meeting dated 08/06/2023 approved that the contributions from the existing shareholder on right basis of Rs.571 Crore shall be received in three cash calls. The equity contribution was received from Shareholders through right issue in proportion to their existing shareholding in the company in three tranches as under:

(₹ in lakhs)

	Share of RVNL	Share of Deendayal Port Authority	Share of Adani Ports & SEZ Ltd.	Govt. of Gujarat Share	Total
Tranche 1	951571500	494817180	380628600	76125720	1903143000
Tranche 2	951571500	494817180	380628600	76125720	1903143000
Tranche 3	951857000	494965640	380742800	76148560	1903714000
Total	2855000000	14846000	114200000	228400000	5710000000

As decided by your directors, additional term loan from Punjab National Bank have been availed of Rs.275 crore.

RVNL have now during the current year submitted the Completion cost estimate of doubling amounting to Rs. 3230.73 Crs on 25th July 2024. The Board of Directors in their meeting dated 23rd August 2024 have approved the completion estimate amounting to Gross Rs.3230.73 Crs, CRRM Rs.41.29 Crs & net cost Rs.3189.44 Crs.

CREDIT RATING

Your Company has adequate liquidity and a strong balance sheet. ICRA Limited has affirmed their credit rating as "[ICRA] A" Stable. The instruments with this rating indicate adequate degree of safety regarding timely servicing of financial obligation. Such instruments are low credit risk.

DOUBLING OF PALANPUR (EXCLUDING) TO SAMAKHIALI (247 KM)

During the year under review, the entire doubling of 247 KM was commissioned in February 2023 in 12 stages as under:

S. No.	Stations/section T	otal Length (km)	Commissioned date
1.	Jasali (incl.) - Dhanakwada - Diyodar (incl.)	17.320	12.10.2019
2.	Bhildi (incl.) – Jasali (excl.)	11.100	30.01.2020
3.	Lakadiya (incl.) – Samakhiali (incl.)	10.440	01.03.2020
4.	Kidiyanagar (incl.) – Chitrod – Shivlakha Lakadiya (incl.)	25.020	17.09.2020
5.	Radhanpur (incl.) – Piplee – Varahi (incl.)	19.520	12.02.2021
6.	Chandisar (incl.) - Disa - Lorwada - Bhildi (excl.)	31.970	28.09.2021
7.	Palanpur (excl.) – Chandisar (excl.)	11.880	26.02.2022
8.	Diyodar (excl.) - Mitha - Bhabhar - Devgam - Radhanpur (excl.)	38.840	08.04.2022
9.	Varahi (excl.) – Vaghpura – Chhansara (incl.)	16.220	07.07.2022
10.	Adesar (incl.) - Bhutakiya Bhimasar - Padampur - Kidiyanagar (e.	xcl.) 25.185	19.10.2022
11.	Piprala (incl.) – Lakhpat – Adesar (excl.)	16.945	07.01.2023
12.	Chhansara (excl.) – Santalpur – Garmadi – Piprala (excl.)	23.808	24.02.2023

ELECTRIFICATION OF THE SECTION

The RE of the double line between Palanpur (Excluding) to Samakhiali (247 KM) and UP line between Samakhyali and Gandhidham (53 KM) was successfully commissioned as:

- (i) Rail Vikas Nigam Limited was the executing agency of the RE project along with the doubling between Palanpur Samakhiyali (247KM) and the RE was commissioned in March 2023.
- (ii) The electrification of the single line between Samakhiyali Gandhidham (53 KM) was being executed by Central Organization for Railway Electrification (CORE). The work of this section has been commissioned on 8th May 2023. With the commissioning of the RE and shifting on electric traction, KRC section will save fuel costs which will bring down the O&M cost.

After successful completion & commissioning of RE works on entire KRC project line, KRC has been monitoring number of freight trains operated on electric traction & it's impact on operational cost. In this regard, a summary is tabulated below:

Month	Total Freight trains over SPV line	No. of freight trains that run on Electric traction	% of Trains that run on Electric Loco
FY 2023 – 24			
April – June'2023	6817	209	3 %
July - Sept'2023	7518	602	8 %
Oct - Dec'2023	7520	1019	14 %
Jan - Mar'2024	6496	1645	25 %
Total	28351	3475	Avg. 12%
FY 2024 – 25 (during current year)			
April – June' 2024	6734	2084	Avg. 31%

A comparative data of Fuel cost incurred by KRCL during previous 03 years is indicated below:

	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	FY 2023-24
Fuel diesel cost	Rs. 254.38 crore	Rs. 359.64 crore	Rs. 298.73 crore (reduced due to avg.12% rakes were moved on OHE)

The cost of fuel for operation of freight train shall reduce significantly when there will be reduction in Diesel traction train.

SHARE CAPITAL

During the year under review, the authorised capital of the Company has increased from Rs. 250 Crores to Rs. 1000 crores. The paid-up share capital of the company was increased to Rs. 821,00,00,000 comprising of 82,10,00,000 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each.

TRANSFER TO RESERVE

Your directors have proposed not to transfer any sum to the general reserve.

FIXED DEPOSITS

The Company has not accepted any fixed deposits from the public. Therefore, it is not required to furnish information in respect of outstanding deposits under Non-banking, Non-Financial Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 1966 and Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

BOARD MEETINGS

Seven (7) Board meetings were held during the financial year ended 31st March, 2024. The dates of the meetings were 8th June 2023, 18th July 2023,11th August 2023, 12th October 2023, 7th November 2023, 19th December 2023 and 22nd March 2024.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Articles of Association of the Company Shri Deepak Arora, Shri Sumit Sardana and Shri Bhagyanath Balakrishnan directors of the Company shall retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. Shri Deepak Arora, Shri Sumit Sardana and Shri Bhagyanath Balakrishnan being eligible, have offered themselves for reappointment.

Pursuant to the provisions of section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 Act, as on date, the key managerial personnel of the Company are – Shri Vijay Anand, Chief Executive officer, Shri Gyanendra Kr. Srivastava, Chief Financial Officer and Shri Sanjeev Sharma, Company Secretary. Shri Hitesh Dhingra resigned from the post of Chief Financial Officer of the Company on 08.03.2024. The Board places on record its appreciation for the services rendered by Shri Hitesh Dhingra during his association with the Company.

During the year Shri Mudit Mittal, Shri Sumit Sardana and Shri Shailendra Kumar were appointed as Directors of the Company. The appointment of these Directors is of immense benefit to the Company.

During the year, the non-executive directors of the Company had no pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company, other than the expenses incurred by them for the purpose of attending meetings of the Company.

During the period Smt. Seema Kumar, Shri D. C. Pandey, Shri Sajal Mittra and Shri Dinesh Kumar, Directors vacated the office of Directorship of the Company. Your Board places on record its deep appreciation for the valuable services and contributions made by them during their tenure as Director of the Company.

INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The management is of the view that the Company is a Joint Venture therefore, in terms of the provisions of Section 149(4) & 149(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 4 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, company is not required to appoint Independent Directors.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Board of Directors of the company considers that in view of the notification dated 13th July, 2017, amendment in Companies (Meeting of the Board and its Powers) Rules 2014 by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Company is not required to constitute an Audit Committee of the Directors. Therefore, Board of Directors of the Company in its meeting held on 18th August 2017 disbanded the Audit Committee.

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The nominations and Remuneration Committee of the Board was disbanded by the Board in its meeting held on 18th August 2017. The Board of the company considers that in view of the notification dated 13th July, 2017, amendment in Companies (Meeting of the Board and its Powers) Rules 2014 by Ministry of Corporate Affairs the Company is not required to constitute a Nomination and remuneration committee.

DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Based on the framework of internal financial controls and compliance systems established and maintained by the Company, work performed by the Internal, Statutory, and Secretarial Auditors, the Board is of the opinion that the Company's internal financial controls were adequate and effective during FY 2023-24.

Accordingly, pursuant to Sections 134(3)(c) and 134(5) of the Act, the Board of Directors, to the best of their knowledge and ability, confirm that for the year ended March 31, 2024:

- i) That in the preparation of the annual accounts, all the applicable accounting standards have been followed and there has been no material departure.
- ii) That such accounting policies were selected and applied consistently and such judgments and estimates were made that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company for the period ended on 31st March 2024.
- iii) That proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- iv) That the Annual Accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis.

SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

The company has no subsidiaries or associate Companies. The Company also does not have any joint ventures.

EXTRACTS OF ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to Section 92(3) read with Section 134(3)(a) of the Act, the Annual Return as on March 31, 2023 is available on the Company's website at www.kutchrail.org.

AUDITORS

M/s RSPH & Associates, Chartered Accountants were appointed by the C&AG as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the year 2023-24.

AUDITORS OBSERVATIONS

The remarks on the observations of the Statutory Auditors for the period under review with management remarks are placed at Annexure - A and appropriate disclosures in regard thereof are contained in the accounting polices and notes on accounts forming integral part of the Accounts.

SECRETARIAL AUDITOR AND SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

Pursuant to section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, your company had appointed M/s Vinod Kumar & Co., Practicing Company Secretaries, Delhi as its Secretarial Auditor to conduct the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the Financial Year 2023-24. The Company provided all assistance and facilities to the Secretarial Auditor for conducting their audit. The Report of Secretarial Auditor for the Financial Year 2023-24 is annexed to this report as Annexure – B.

DETAILS OF SIGNFICANTAND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED IMPACTING THE COMPANY'S OPERATIONS

There are no significant material orders passed by the regulator/ courts which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

The Company has an established system of internal Financial Control to ensure that all assets are safeguarded and protected against losses that may arise from unauthorized / incorrect use.

Further, it strives to ensure that all transactions are evaluated, authorised, recorded and reported accurately. The internal control system is designed to adequately ensure that financial and other records maintained are accurate and are reliable for preparing financial information and other data. The internal control procedures are augmented by an internal and external audit and periodic review by the management.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS GIVEN, INVESTMENT MADE, GUARANTEE GIVEN AND SECURITIES PROVIDED

During the year under review, the company has not given any loan or has made investment or has given guarantees under section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the Company.

RISK MANAGEMENT

Your Board is of the opinion that, there are no elements of risk which may threaten the existence of the Company hence it was not required to implement a risk management.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company will continue to uphold the true sprit of Corporate Governance and implement the best governance practices. It lays emphasis on transparency, accountability and professional management.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Company has a duly constituted CSR Committee, which is responsible for fulfilling the CSR Objectives of the Company. As on March 2024, the Committee comprised Shri Vijay Anand, Managing Director, Shri Shailendra Kumar, and Shri M. P. Singh Directors as its members.

The Company is committed to conduct its business in a socially responsible, ethical and environmentally friendly manner and to continuously work towards improving quality of life of the communities. The Company has in place CSR Policy with lays down the philosophy and approach towards CSR commitment. The Annual Report on the CSR initiatives undertaken by the Company as per the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibilities Policy) Rules, 2014 is annexed as Annexure-C.

REPORTING UNDER THE SECTION 21 OF THE SEXUAL HARASSEMENT OF WOMEN AT WORK PLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The following is a summary of sexual harassment complaints received and disposed off during the calendar year.

Number of Complaints received : NIL Number of Complaints disposed off : NIL Closing balance of the complaints: NIL

MATERIAL CHANGES AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

No material change and commitment affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the financial year ended on 31st March 2024 and the date of the report.

CONTINGENT LIABILITY OF SERVICE TAX

A show cause notice issued to the Company by Director General of Central Excise Intelligence (DGCEI), raising a demand of Rs. 213.59 Crores relating to financial years 2009-10 to 2013-14. The reply to the show cause notice was given on 06.01.2015 and personal hearing before Principal Commissioner was held on 21.09.2015. No further communication has been received from DGCEI on the matter. Further for the year 2014-15 a demand notice for Rs. 82.07 Crores has also been received from Principal Commissioner of Service Tax, Delhi – I for which reply has been given on 24.05.2016. No further communication is received from DGCEI.

M/s Baruch Dahej Railway Company Limited and M/s Krishnapatnam Railway Company Limited had also received the similar Show Cause notices. These companies had also filled their replies to the show cause notices. After considering the detailed reply and subsequent personal hearing, the respective Adjudicating Authorities had dropped the demand of service tax for M/s Baruch Dahej Railway Company Limited and M/s Krishnapatnam Railway Company Limited. KRC had intimated vide letter dated 17.02.2016 to the Adjudicating Authority to consider the above orders, while finalising the Order in the Show Cause Notice issued to Kutch Railway Company Limited. The order of the Adjudicating Authority is awaited. No further communication is received from DGCEI.

During the year 2017-18 a Show Cause notice was received from the department for the periods 2015-16, 2016-17 and 2017-18 (upto 30.06.2017) to which the reply was submitted to the department on 18.05.2018. No further query is received from DGCEI.

Your Directors had thoroughly examined the matter and obtained suitable legal and expert advice and accordingly perusing the matter appropriately with the DGCEI.

APPLICABILITY OF GST

During the 2017-18 Goods and Service Tax (GST) has subsumed the service tax with effect from 1st July 2017. The Company is of the view that no supply is involved by the Company to Railways and visa-versa in sharing of freight revenue & cost by Railways with the Company. Therefore, there are no GST obligations on the Company in respect to sharing of the freight revenue & cost by Railways with the Company including furnishing of the particulars/details for the same. The Company has sought exemption/clarification from GST Council through MoR for GST on transactions with Railways. Ministry of Railways had conveyed that Ministry of Finance through their office memorandum had mentioned that "The GST Council in its meeting held on 17th December 2022 had clarified that IR and SPV are distinct persons. The supply of services by SPV to IR by way of allowing IR to use infrastructure built and owned by them during the concession period against consideration in the form of pro-rata share of revenue is a taxable supply. Similarly, services of maintenance supplied by IR to SPV is a taxable supply.

Railway Board had issued two letters dated 21.09.2023 of ED/Infra-1/Railway Board and letter of Director /Accounts/ Railway Board No. 20174/AC-II/1/19/SPVs(part) dated 30.11.2023 to GM - WR, SWR, ECoR, SECR & ECR has issued guidelines for issuing GST invoices for O&M charges against SPVs and accounting of GST invoices from SPV for User SPVs. WR had subsequently stopped the release of apportionment to Kutch Railway (SPV) from October 2023 for want of Tax Invoice from SPV for the apportionment. If the company do not receive any apportionment the company will become defaulter as it will not be able to service the term loan. Your Board of Directors decided to obtain a stay by filing Writ Petition in the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi. As the letters / guidelines of MoR were arbitrary, irrational and made with an ulterior motive to enrich Indian Railways at the expense of the Company. The writ petition is filled in the Hon'ble Delhi Court on the following grounds:

A. MoR letters/guidelines are against letter dated 05.11.23 of Hon'ble Minister of Railway to Hon'ble Minister of Finance itself. In this letter Hon'ble Minister of Railways itself. Minister of Railways had computed apportioned revenue/user charges exclusive of GST whereas the Impugned Letters/ Guidelines have directed the said computation inclusive of GST.

- B. Impugned Letters/Guidelines are arbitrary and contradictory in itself since apportioned revenue/user charges are computed inclusive of GST whereas O&M costs are computed exclusive of GST.
- C. The Hon'ble High of Delhi vide its interim order dated 21st March 2024 granted an interim injunction and directed that till disposal of the present petition, the operation of the impugned letters dated 21.09.2023 and 30.11.2023 shall remain stayed. The parties shall be obliged to raise invoices, taking into account the provisions and implications of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (CGST Act, 2017) and bear the burden of taxes accordingly.

The copy of the order of the Hon'ble Court was conveyed to Railway Board.

The matter is now posted for hearing on 30.11.2024. Railways had released the apportionment of the Company from February 2024 onwards on the basis of the interim order of the Hon'ble High Court.

It is further informed that based on the recommendations of the 53rd GST Council, vide notification No. 04/2024 dated 12th July 2024, GST on the services provided by Special Purpose Vehicles (SPV) to Indian Railway by way of allowing Indian Railway to use infrastructure built & owned by SPV during the concession period and maintenance services supplied by Indian Railways to SPV are exempted w.e.f. 15th July 2024.

Further, vide Circular No. 228/22/2024-GST dated 15th July, 2024, as recommended by the 53rd GST Council, GST on the supply of services by SPVs to Ministry of Railways (Indian Railways) by way of allowing it to use infrastructure built and owned by them during the concession period against consideration and maintenance services supplied by Ministry of Railways (Indian Railways) to SPVs in relation to such use of infrastructure built and owned by SPVs during the concession period against consideration is regularized for the period from 01.07.2017 to 14.07.2024 on 'as is where is' basis.

PARTICULARS OF CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION

The information pertaining to conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange Earnings and outgo as required under Section 134 (3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 shall be treated as NIL as the Company is presently neither energy intensive nor technology intensive.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO ETC.

The Company has neither earned nor spent any foreign exchange during the period under review.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The statement containing particulars of employees as required under section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the Company.

STATEMENT OF ASSOCIATION

Kutch Railway Company Limited is a joint venture special purpose vehicle of Rail Vikas Nigam Limited, Adani Ports & SEZ Limited, Deendayal Port Authority and Government of Gujarat. Their shareholding is as 50%, 20%, 26% and 4% respectively of the paid-up share capital of the Company.

ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL WITH REFERENCE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

The Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial Statement during the year under review, such controls were tested and no reportable material weakness in the design or operation were observed.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors place on record their appreciation of the assistance, active support and guidance received from Ministry of Railways, Western Railways Head office at Mumbai & its Ahmedabad Division, Rail Vikas Nigam Limited, Government of Gujarat, Deendayal Port Authority and Adani Ports and SEZ Limited. Your directors also acknowledge the valuable co-operation and support from Punjab National Bank with whom the Company had dealing. Your Directors also acknowledge their deep appreciation for the unstinted support and contribution made by the management and employees in the working of the Company to achieve the performance during the year under review and the Board look forward to the same in the time ahead.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-Sd/-Sd/-

(Vijay Anand) (M. P. Singh) Ajit Singh Chief Executive Officer Director Director

Place: New Delhi Date: 05.09.2024 DIN: 08165734 DIN 08076926



ANNEXURE A

Annexure to Director's Report 2023-24...

S. No.	Ref. No. of Audit Report	Extracts from Auditors' Report 2023-24	Management reply
1.	Main Audit Report	As explained in Note 44 of the Financial Statements, the project of Gauge Conversion work completed by Western Railway in earlier years had been duly capitalized under different heads of Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets on the basis of advices received from Western Railway on year to year basis which is subject to verification and reconciliation with Western Railway. Overall impact of the matter and the consequential effects on Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March, 2024, Retained Earnings as at 31st March, 2024 and on Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets as at 31st March, 2024 are not ascertainable and cannot be commented upon.	Based on the advices by the western railway, Company has capitalized the expenditure under different heads of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets. The treatment was done on the basis of the principle of prudence in order to show true & fair view of the accounts. As per letter dt. 14.08.2020 received from the Western Railway (WR), intimating about deletion on GC Project assets amounting Rs. 60,38,016/during FY 2019-20. The Company had also supplied material to WR amounting to Rs. 11997.00 lakhs during Gauge Conversion (GC) Project and balance to WR amounting to Rs. 442.18 lakhs is outstanding as on 31.03.2024. With regard to finalization of construction accounts, the matter has been raised at various administrative levels in Western Railway and the matter is being further pursued.
2.	Main Audit Report	As explained in Note 44 of the Financial Statements, in earlier years, the Company had supplied material to Western Railway to the tune of Rs.11,997.00 Lakhs for completion of project of Gauge Conversion work which was capitalized under other intangible assets. The amount is subject to verification and reconciliation with Western Railway. Overall impact of the matter and the consequential effects on Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March, 2024, Retained Earnings as at 31st March, 2024 and on trade payables as at 31st March, 2024 are not ascertainable and cannot be commented upon.	
3.	Main Audit Report	As explained in Note No. 5.2 of the Financial Statements, the capitalization during the year of Rs. 52,689.25 Lakhs in the other intangible assets "Freight Sharing Right" are accounted for in the year of advice by RVNL/western railway and accounted with the value as advised by executing agency, based on the estimated project expenditure. It constitutes a departure from the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under	Major portion of the capitalisation includes doubling & railway electrification projects which are done based on the completion & commissioning certificates issued by Commissioner of Railway Safety (CRS)/Western Zone. As per IND AS, Assets is to be capitalised when it is available for use. Accordingly, company has rightly capitalised the Assets & there is no departure of IND As under section 133 of the Companies.

S. No.	Ref. No. of Audit Report	Extracts from Auditors' Report	Management reply
		Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 which requires capitalization of actual expenditure when the freight sharing right is received i.e. the asset is ready to use. Overall impact of the matter and the consequential effects on Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March, 2024, Retained Earnings as at 31st March, 2024 and on other intangible assets as at 31st March, 2024 are not ascertainable and cannot be commented upon.	
4.	Main Audit Report	As explained in Note No. 39 of the Financial Statements, advances for various project expenditure to western railway and payables to western railway are subject to confirmation, reconciliation and consequential adjustments, if any. Overall impact of the matter and the consequential effects on Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March, 2024, Retained Earnings as at 31st March, 2024 and other non-current assets as at 31st March, 2024 are not ascertainable and cannot be commented upon.	Recently Sr.DFM/W.Rly/Ahmedabad vide letter dated 14.08.2024 has furnished the Reconciliation details of advances deposited & its utilization certificate towards various works being executed by W.Rly. on KRCL project line. Western Railway is gradually providing all the expenditure details from to time. KRCL is in process of obtaining all the actual details & "Completion Certificates" of executed works as per funds deposited by the company. KRCL is carrying out regular follow ups & reconciliation meetings with Engg., S&T, Accounts and Electrical dept. of Western Railway.
5.	Main Audit Report	As explained in Note No. 52 of the Financial Statements, expenses incurred by Rail Vikas Nigam Limited on behalf of the Company on Samakhiali-Palanpur doubling projects are being accounted for based on advice of Rail Vikas Nigam Limited without verification thereof for the year ending 31st March 2024. Any discrepancies pointed out by consultant on verification of the same will be subject to confirmation from Rail Vikas Nigam Limited and adjustment in Books accordingly. Overall impact of the matter and the consequential effects on Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March, 2024, Retained Earnings as at 31st March, 2024 and other intangible assets under development as at 31st March, 2024 are not ascertainable and cannot be commented upon.	KRCL is carrying out regular follow up & is vigorously chasing towards discrepancies being pointed out by consultant. In this regard, company has written two letters to CMD/RVNL and Director/ Finance/RVNL dated 08.04.2024 and 08.07.2024 respectively, for providing details of all expenditures incurred including bills/ invoices to KRCL. Subsequently, Director(Finance)/RVNL has directed to its department for providing pending invoices & supporting documents to KRCL at the earliest. The same will be available on receipt of record from RVNL

S. No.	Ref. No. of Audit Report	Extracts from Auditors' Report	Management reply
6.	Main Audit Report	The Company has not accounted for the inventory of scrap available with Western Railway in the absence of details of quantity and value from western railway. Further, the Company has recognised amount of Rs.1,366.62 lakh during the year from sale of scrap on the basis of advice received from western railway but no details are provided with advice regarding period, quantity and value. Overall impact of the matter and the consequential effects on Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March, 2024, Retained Earnings as at 31st March, 2024 and on Inventory as at 31st March, 2024 are not ascertainable and cannot be commented upon	KRCL got credit of Scrap value worth Rs.1366.62 lakh during the period of April – Sept'2023 into O&M cost as advise issued by Ahmedabad division / Western Railway in this regard.
7.	Main Audit Report	As explained in Note No. 23.1 of the Financial Statements, the Company has recognized the operational and maintenance cost as the provisional figures advised by the Western Railways for the share of operational and maintenance cost due to the Company from the operations of the goods train. Operation & Maintenance cost of earlier years in respect of operation of goods trains are accounted for in the year of advice of provisional figure by the Western railway. Further as explained in Note 28 of the Financial Statements, during the F.Y 2023-24, the Company has recognised reversal of Operation & Maintenance cost of Rs. 2,377.19 Lakhs, charged by western railways in earlier years on provisional basis in respect of operation of goods trains and refunded during the year due to the change in the percentage of the general overhead and central overhead, which has been recognised as exceptional item during the year. It constitutes a departure from the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 which requires recognition on income and expenses on accrual basis. Overall impact of the matter and the consequential effects on Statement of Profit and Loss and Other	W.Rly., generally, provides the detail of operating expenditure for a particular year before the closure of final accounts of the Company. However, in some cases some of these details of operating expenditures are provided by WR after the closure of final accounts of the Company. In these cases, the amounts are accounted for in the year as per advice issued by WR

S. No.	Ref. No. of Audit Report	Extracts from Auditors' Report	Management reply
		Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March, 2024, Retained Earnings as at 31st March, 2024 and on trade payables as at 31st March, 2024 are not ascertainable and cannot be commented upon.	
8.	Main Audit Report	As explained in Note No. 21.2 of the Financial Statements, the company has recognized the operating income as per the provisional figures advised by Western Railways for the share of revenue due to the company from the operations of goods trains. Operation revenue of earlier years in respect of operation of goods trains are accounted for in the year of advice of provisional figure by the Western railway. It constitutes a departure from the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 which requires recognition on income and expenses on accrual basis. Overall impact of the matter and the consequential effects on Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March, 2024, Retained Earnings as at 31st March, 2024 and on trade payables/receivables as at 31st March, 2024 are not ascertainable and cannot be commented upon.	W.Rly, generally, provides the detail of operating revenue for a particular year before the closure of final accounts of the Company. However, in some cases some of these details of operating revenue are provided by WR after the closure of final accounts of the Company. In these cases, amounts are accounted for in the year of advice as issued by WR.
9.	Main Audit Report	As explained in Note No. 49 of the Ind AS Financial statements on obligation to restore project assets to specified level of serviceability. In terms of Concession agreement, there is an obligation on the Company to keep the project assets in working condition, including making replacement, as per laid down standards of MOR, of all project assets whose codal lives expire during the concession period. Accordingly, Company is required to provide for in respect of replacement obligations arising during the remaining concession period as per requirement of Appendix - C of the Ind AS 115 for best estimate of expenditure required to settle obligation. However, the company has not estimated and provided for the aforesaid obligation in the IND AS Financial statements. In the absence of information, we are unable to ascertain the impact of the above on the IND AS on the financial statements of the company.	In terms of Concession agreement, there is an obligation on the Company to keep the project assets in working condition, including replacement, as per laid down standards of MOR, for project assets, whose codal lives expire during the concession period. The company has made an assessment in respect of its project assets and their respective codal lives. The company is of the opinion that the codal life of some of the assets will be over during the concession period. At present, reliable estimate for restoration obligation is not available, therefore provision for same is not provided in financial statements, the same will be provided in the year in which reliable estimate becomes available.

FORM No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2024

[Pursuant to Section 204 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members, KUTCH RAILWAY COMPANY LIMITED SUIT NO. 15-22, 2nd FLOOR, INDRA PALACE, H BLOCK, CONNAUGHT CIRCUS, NEW DELHI-110001 CIN:- U45202DL2004PLC124267

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by KUTCH RAILWAY COMPANY LIMITED (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit and the representations made by the Company, we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records made available to us and maintained by company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024 according to the provisions of:

- I. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under;
- II. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder; (Not Applicable)
- III. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the regulations and bye-laws framed there under; (Applicable)
- IV. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment. (Not Applicable)
- V. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
 - a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; (Not Applicable)
 - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015; (Not Applicable)
 - c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018; (Not Applicable)
 - d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; (Not Applicable)
 - e. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2008; (Not Applicable)
 - f. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrar to an issue and share transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; (Not Applicable)
 - g. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021; (Not Applicable) and
 - h. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; (Not Applicable)
 - i. SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. (Not Applicable)
- VI. Other laws as are and to the extent applicable to the Company as per the Management representations made by the Company.
 - (i) The Employees Provident Funds and Miscellaneous Provision Act, 1952
 - (ii) Insurance Act, 1938
 - (iii) Registration Act 1908
 - (iv) Indian Stamp Act, 1899
 - (v) Applicable Local/ Municipal laws

The Company has complied the Secretarial Standards (SS-1 and SS-2 regarding Board and General Meetings) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India and notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs during the financial Year under review.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, etc. mentioned above subject to following observations.

- Company has not complied with the requirement to appoint a woman director as mandated by Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013, and the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014. Smt. Seema Kumar, the previously nominated woman director, had her nomination withdrawn on June 8, 2023, and no replacement was appointed during the financial year 2023-24.
- Section 29 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9A of the Companies (Prospectus and Allotment of Securities) Rules, 2014 mandate that securities issued by public companies (including unlisted public companies) must be in dematerialized form. Company had made allotment of Equity Shares to one of its Existing Shareholder i.e. Government of Gujrat who had not opened the Demat Account during the financial year 2023-24.
- 3. Few Forms are required to be filed under Companies Act, 2013 were filed after the period prescribed under the Act; This should be reported as compliance by reference of payment of additional fees.

We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted.

The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board/Committee Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were send in advance to the directors for holding the Board Meetings during the year, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

The Board, Committee and Shareholders Meetings were conducted through Video Conferencing and Company has complied the provisions of the Act and General Circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs regarding conducting these Meetings through Video conferencing Mode.

We further report there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurable with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliances with applicable laws, rules and regulations.

As per the minutes of the meeting duly recorded and signed by the chairman, the decisions of the Board were unanimous and no dissenting views have been recorded.

We further report that during the Audit period, following are specific events/ actions having a major bearing on the company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards taken place.

- 1. The Board of the Directors of the Company in its 96th Meeting dated 8th June 2023 updates the Status of the offer of Right Issue of Share approved on 29th March 2023. Board noted that due to non-receipt of the full subscription of the right offer within the period prescribed in the offer letter the said right offer failed and it was further decided that the amount of Contribution from Shareholders shall be received in three trenches of amounting of Rs. 1903143000/- each.
- 2. The Company has made allotment of 571000000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each to the existing shareholder in three equal trenches during the financial year.
- 3. Company has passed following Special resolutions in the Extra-ordinary General Meeting held on 25th October 2023
 - a. Increase of Borrowing Power up to 1285 Cr for the business of the Company as per the Provision of Section 180(1) (c) of the Companies Act 2013.
 - b. Creation of Additional Charge / Hypothecation of Assets for Rs. 285 Crs in addition to the Existing Charge of Rs. 1000 Crs in favour of Punjab National Bank.
 - c. Bank may be entitled to exercise the option in case of default as per the lending arrangement to convert whole or part of their outstanding facility into fully paid up Ordinary Equity Shares of the Company.

This Report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as 'Annexure A' and Forms an integral part of this report.

PLACE: NEW DELHI DATED: 05.09.2024

UDIN : F005740E000792251

FOR VINOD KUMAR & CO. COMPANY SECRETARIES

Sd/-CS VINOD KUMAR ANEJA (CP 5740 FCS 5740)



'Annexure A'

To,
The Members,
KUTCH RAILWAY COMPANY LIMITED
SUIT NO. 15-22, 2ND FLOOR, INDRA PALACE,
H BLOCK, CONNAUGHT CIRCUS
NEW DELHI- 110001

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial records. We believe that the process and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. We further report, that the compliance by the company of applicable financial laws like Direct and Indirect tax laws has not been reviewed in this Audit since the same have been subject to review by statutory audit and other designated professionals.
- 5. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the Compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 6. The Compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
- 7. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

PLACE: NEW DELHI FOR VINOD KUMAR & CO. DATED: 05.09.2024 COMPANY SECRETARIES

UDIN: F005740E000792251

Sd/-

CS VINOD KUMAR ANEJA (CP 5740 FCS 5740)

ANNEXURE C

ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES (2023-24)

[Pursuant to section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) & Rules made thereunder]

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company

The company is committed to improving the quality of the lives of the people in the community it serves through long term stakeholder value creation. It pledges to remain a responsible corporate entity mindful of its social responsibilities to all stakeholders, with aim and object to fight, hunger, poverty and malnutrition, promote education, health care, gender equality, rural development and sanitation etc. as embodied in Schedule VII of the Companies Act 2013. The company has framed a CSR Policy in compliance with the provisions of the Act, which is available on the Company's website and the weblink for the same is provided in this report.

2. Composition of CSR Committee

SI. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1.	Shri Vijay Anand	Managing Director*	1	1
2.	Shri M. P. Singh	Director	1	1
3.	Shri Shaliendra Kuma	ar Director	1	1

^{*}The designation of Shri Vijay Anand is changed to CEO w.e.f. 21-08-2024.

- Provide the web link where composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects Approved by the board are disclosed on the Website of the company.
 www.kutchrail.org
- 4. Provide the details of Impact assessment of CSR Projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of Rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report In terms of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Amendment Rules, 2021, the requirement of conducting an impact assessment of its CSR Projects is not applicable to the Company.
- 5. Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance Of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount Required for set off for the financial year, if any

	SI. No.	Financial Year	Amount available for set-off from preceding financial years (in Rs.)	Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any (in Rs.)
I			N.A.	

- 6. Average net profit of the Company as per section 135(5): Rs. 16071.53 Lakhs
- 7. a) Two percent of average net profit of the company as Per section 135(5): Rs. 321.43 Lakhs
 - b) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years- N.A.
 - c) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any -N.A.
 - d) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c): Rs. 321.43 Lakhs (Current Year)
- 8. (a) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

	Amount Unspent (in Rs. in lakhs)								
Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year		ransferred to Unspent s per section 135(6)	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5)						
(In Rs. in lakhs)	Amount	Date of transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount	Date of transfer				
13.98	307.45	29.04.2024	NA	NA	NA				

(b) Details of CSR amount spent against ongoing projects for the financial year:

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(!	5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(1	1)
SI. No.	Name of the project	Item from the list of activities is Schedule VII to the Act	Local are (Yes/ No)	Locat of the proje	ne	Project duration	Amt. allocated for the project (Rs. In Lakhs)	Amt. spent in the current FY year (Rs. In Lakhs)	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per Section 135(6) (Rs. In Lakhs)	Mode of imple- ment- ation Direct (Yes/ No)	im m a: Thr Imp n:	de of nple- ent- tion ough eleme- ting ency
				State	Dist.						Name	CSR Regn. No.
1	Mobile Medical Van	Health	Yes	Gujarat	Bhuj	36Months	22.42	0.00	22.42	No	RKM -B	00002806
2.	Mobile Medical Van	Health	No	Gujarat	Rajkot	36Months	22.92	0.00	22.92	No	SRKA	00002806
3.	Mobile Medical Van	Health	Yes	Gujarat	Adipur	36 Months	20.70	0.00	20.70	No	SRSK	00012568
4.	Mobile Medical Van	Health	No	Gujarat A	hmedabad	36 Months	22.92	0.00	22.92	No	RKM-A	00002806
5.	Const. of 9 seated public toilet complex	Preventive Health care, water & Sanitation Health	Yes	Gujarat	Gandhi- dham	Based on NOC from Local body	62.03	0	62.03	No	SISASS	\$00001004
6.	"SASHAKT RAMANI" aimed at nurt- uring female wellness	Health	Yes	Gujarat	Palan- pur	12 months	32.69	3.26	29.43	No	DF	00017041
7.	Installation of Solar based water purifi- cation system in government schools	Health	Yes	Gujarat	Palan- pur	12 months	64.43	3.22	61.21	No	DF	00017041
8.	Enabling educational infrastructure in 5 govern- ment rural school	Promotion of Education	Yes	Gujarat	Banask- antha	6 months	58.46	0	58.46	No	SUVI- DHA	00001004
9.	Women's health & menstrual Hygiene	Health	Yes	Gujarat	Banask- antha	6 Months	0.70	0	0.70	No	SIAA- SSS	00001004
10.	Establishment of "Mini Centre (MSC)"	Education	Yes	Gujarat	Banask- antha	14 months	14.17	7.50	6.67	No	Sama- bhavana	00000687
	, ,						321.43	13.98	307.45			

RKM-B: Ramakrishna Math, Bhuj

SRKA: Shri Ramakrishna Ashram, Rajkot SRSK :Sri Ramakrishna Sewa Kendra, Adipur RKM-A: Ramakrishna Math, Ahmedabad

SISASSS: Sulabh International School of Action Sociology & Sociology of Sanitation

DF: DigiGaon Foundation

SUVIDHA: Society for Upliftment of Villagers & Development of Himalayan areas

(c) Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year:

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	((5)	(6)	(7)		(8)
SI. No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in schedule VII to the Act.	Local area (Yes/No)	Location of the project.		Amount spent for the project (In Rs. In lakhs)	Mode of implemen- tation Direct (Yes/No)	Mode of implementation Through implementing agency	
				State	District			Name	CSR registration number
				NIL				·	

- (d) Amount spent in administrative overheads: NIL
- (e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: **NA**(f) Total amount spent for the financial year (8b+8c+8d+8e) **Rs. 13.98 Lakhs**
- (g) Excess amount for setoff, if any: NA
- 9. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years:

SI. No.	Preceding Financial Year	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR account under section 135 (6) (₹ in lakh)	Amount spent in the reporting Financial Year (₹ In Lakhs)	Amount Transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per section 135 (6),if any		Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial years (₹ in lakh)	
				Name of the Fund	Amount (₹ in lakh)	Date of Transfer	
1. 2. 3.	2020-21 2021-22 2022-23	33.10 296.33 205.78	32.85 67.38 132.67	PM Cares - -	0.25 - -	02.02.2024	0.00 5.32 73.11

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s).

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
SI. No.	Project	Name of the Project	Financial Year in which the project was comm- enced	Project duration	Total amount allocated for the project (Rs. In Lakhs)	Amt. spent on the project in the report- ing FY Year (Rs. In Lakhs)	Cumulative amt. spent at the end of reporting FY Year (Rs. In Lakhs)	Status of the project Completed /Ongoing
1.	Promotion of Education	Promotion of Education	2020-21	Duration ext- ended upto Sept. 23	51.18	33.13	51.18	Completed
2.	Mobile Medical Van	Health Rajkot	2021-22	12 Months	42.92	17.34	42.92	Completed
3.	Mobile Medical Van	Health Ahmedabad	2021-22	12 Months	42.92	17.34	42.92	Completed
4.	Mobile Medical Van	Health Adipur	2021-22	12 Months	41.60	5.40	41.60	Completed
5.	Construction of Computer Centre	Education Rajkot	2022-23	12 Months	11.40	11.40	11.40	Completed
6.	Free coaching classes	Promoting education	2021-22	12 Months	9.94	6.44	9.94	Completed
7.	Distribution of ration kits	Eradication hunger, Poverty, Malnutrition	2021-22	12 months	4.50	2.25	4.50	Completed
8.	Mobile Medical Van	Promotion Health, Bhuj	2021-22	12 Months	43.92	18.60	38.60	Ongoing



22.92 13.03	13.02	Ongoing
20.70 12.6	12.90	Ongoing
22.92 4.98	4.98	Ongoing
25.97 12.8	25.97	Completed
24.06 2.41	2.40	Ongoing
23.48 7.04	23.48	Completed
32.63	32.63	Completed
54.18 48.7	7 5.41	Ongoing
1.90 0.00	1.90	Ongoing
26.69 0.00	0.00	Ongoing
2 2 2 3	2.92 4.98 5.97 12.8 4.06 2.41 3.48 7.04 2.63 19.5 4.18 48.7	2.92 4.98 4.98 5.97 12.87 25.97 4.06 2.41 2.40 3.48 7.04 23.48 2.63 19.58 32.63 4.18 48.77 5.41 .90 0.00 1.90

- In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year: NIL
 - a) Date of Creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s): NIL
 - b) Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset: NIL
 - c) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc.: NIL
 - d) Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital: NIL
- 11. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two Percent of the average net profit as per Section 135(5):
- Taking into account the commitments made by the Company for the ongoing projects/ programs which are in progress and considering the project mode of CSR activity where the projects can extend beyond the financial year, there is no short fall in the CSR expenditure mandated to be spent by the Company during the financial year ended 31st March 2024.
- As per the provisions of Section 135(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") any amount remaining unspent under Section 135(5) of the Act, pursuant to any ongoing project shall be transferred by the Company within a period of 30 days from the end of the financial year to a separate account to be opened by the Company. Accordingly, such amount has been transferred by the Company to the specified account so opened within the prescribed period. As per the MCA circular dated 25th August 2021, this amounts to meeting of the obligation and due compliance under section 135 of the Act and hence there is no shortfall of spends.

Date: 5th September 2024 Place: New Delhi Sd/-**Gyanendra Kr. Srivastava**Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-Vijay Anand Chief Executive Officer महानिदेशक लेखापरीक्षा का कार्यालय, रेलवे वाणिज्यिक, 4, दीनदयाल उपाध्याय मार्ग नई दिल्ली - 110002



OFFICE OF THE
DIRECTOR GENERAL OF AUDIT
RAILWAY COMMERCIAL,
4, DEEN DAYAL UPADHYAYA
MARG, NEW DELHI-110002

संख्या/डी.जी.ए/आर.सी/AA-KRCL/83-11 /2024-25/30)

दिनांक:30.09.2024

सेवा में,

मुख्य कार्यकारी अधिकारी,

कच्छ रेलवे कम्पनी लिमिटेड, दूसरा फ्लोर, इंद्रा पैलेस, कनाट प्लेस, नई दिल्ली -110001.

महोदय.

विषयः 31 मार्च 2024 को समाप्त वर्ष के लिए कच्छ रेलवे कम्पनी लिमिटेड के वित्तीय विवरणों पर कंपनी अधिनियम 2013 की धारा 143 (6)(b) के अंतर्गत भारत के नियंत्रक एवं महालेखापरीक्षक की टिप्पणियाँ |

मैं, कच्छ रेलवे कम्पनी लिमिटेड के 31 मार्च 2024 को समाप्त वर्ष के वित्तीय विवरणों पर कंपनी अधिनियम 2013 की धारा 143 (6) (b) के अंतर्गत भारत के नियंत्रक एवं महालेखापरीक्षक की टिप्पणियाँ अग्रेषित कर रहा हूँ |

कृप्या इस पत्र की संलग्नको सहित प्राप्ति की पावती भेजी जाए।

संलग्न यथोपरी :

भवदीय,

डॉ. नीलोत्पल गीस्वामी महानिदेशक (रेलवे वाणिज्यिक)

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Fax: +91-11-23239187

E-mail: pdarlycom@cag.gov.in



COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143 (6) (b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF KUTCH RAILWAY COMPANY LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024.

The preparation of financial statements of Kutch Railway Company Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024 in accordance with the financial reporting framework prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 (Act) is the responsibility of the management of the Company. The Statutory Auditor appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under Section 139 (5) of the Act is responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under Section 143 of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under Section 143 (10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Audit Report dated 05 September 2024.

I, on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have conducted a supplementary audit of the financial statements of Kutch Railway Company Limited for the year ended 31 March 2024 under Section 143(6)(a) of the Act. This supplementary audit has been carried out independently without access to the working papers of the Statutory Auditor and is limited primarily to inquiries of the Statutory Auditor and company personnel and a selective examination of some of the accounting records.

Based on my supplementary audit, I would like to highlight the following significant matter under Section 143(6)(b) of the Act which has come to my attention and which in my view is necessary for enabling a better understanding of the financial statements and the related Audit Report:

A. Comments on Profitability Statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended 31st March 2024 Provisions – Note 15- Rs. 203.60 lakh

A reference is invited to Note No. 49 regarding 'resurfacing/ replacement cost' wherein it has inter-alia been stated that 'there is an obligation on the Company to keep the project assets in working condition, including replacement, as per laid down standards of Ministry of Railways, for project assets whose codal lives expire during concession period. At present reliable estimate for restoration obligation is not available, therefore, provision for the same is not provided in the financial statements in accordance with requirement of Ind AS 115 and will be provided in the year in which reliable estimate becomes available'.

20th Annual Report 2023-24

The above note is deficient to the extent that the Company had received (October 2022

and May 2023) cost estimates for Complete Track Renewal (CTR) work amounting to ₹ 376.87

crore from the Railways for 134.563 TKM of railway line. These cost estimates were agreed in

principle by the Company in October 2022 and July 2023 respectively.

As per Clause 21 of Ind AS 115, the contractual obligations to maintain or restore

infrastructure shall be recognized and measured in accordance with Ind AS 37 i.e. at the best

estimate. As the above estimates for restoration work of CTR had been agreed by the Company,

the Company should have provided for the restoration cost of ₹ 376.87 crore. Further, the

Company had also estimated ₹ 136.86 crore for work over and above the O&M which had also

not been provided for in the books of account.

This had resulted in understatement of 'Provisions' by ₹ 513.73 crore and

overstatement of 'Profit for the period' by the same amount.

For and on the behalf of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India

Place: New Delhi

Dated:30.09.2024

Dr. Nilotpal Goswami Director General of Audit Railway Commercial, New Delhi

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C&AG Comment

Comments on Profitability

A(i)

Statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended 31st March

Provisions - Note 15- Rs. 203.60 lakh

A reference is invited to Note No. 49 regarding 'resurfacing/ replacement cost 'wherein it has inter-alia been stated that 'there is an obligation on the Company to keep the project assets in working condition, including replacement, as per laid down standards of Ministry of Railways, for project assets whose codal lives expire during concession period. At present reliable estimate for restoration obligation is not available, therefore, provision for the same is not provided in the financial statements in accordance with requirement of Ind AS 115 and will be provided in the year in which reliable estimate becomes available'.

The above note is deficient to the extent that the Company had received (October 2022 and May 2023) cost estimates for Complete Track Renewal (CTR) work amounting to 376.87 crore from the Railways for 134.563 TKM of railway line. These cost estimates were agreed in principle by the Company in October 2022 and July 2023 respectively.

As per Clause 21 of Ind AS 115, the contractual! obligations to maintain or restore infrastructure shall be recognized and measured in accordance with Ind AS 37 i.e. at the best estimate. As the above estimates for restoration work of CTR had been agreed by the Company, the Company should have provided for the restoration cost of Rs 376.87 crore. Further, the Company had also estimated 136.86 crore for work over and above the O&M which had also not been provided for in the books.

This had resulted in understatement of Provisions by Rs 513.73 crore and overstatement of 'Profit for the period' by the same amount.

Management reply to the comment

In terms of Concession agreement, there is an obligation on the Company to keep the project assets in working condition, including replacement, as per laid down standards of MOR, for project assets, whose codal lives expire during the concession period. Accordingly, Company is required to provide for, in respect of replacement obligations arising during the remaining concession period as per requirement of the Ind AS 115 for best estimate of expenditure required to settle obligation.

Company has given disclosure in the Note -No 49 of the financial statement, that at present reliable estimate for restoration obligation is not available, therefore provision for same is not provided in financial statements, the same will be provided in the year in which reliable estimate becomes available.

Assets items like rails, sleepers, foundation, bridges and buildings, station buildings have longer lives and most of it would be having remaining codal lives at the end of concession period. The replacement of these are planned on the basis of the condition assessed by the Railways.

Company has received a Cost estimate of CTR work amounting to Rs 376.87 crores from the railways, however details about year wise expenses to be incurred is not available as on 31st March 2024. Further Company has already recorded amount of Rs 42.98 crores under the Intangible assets under development to the extent details of the expenditure of CTR work provided by the railways as on 31st March 2024.

As per the Concession Agreement, Railways pays the SPV the revenue after deduction of O&M and expenditure on special works like CTR, therefore, this is also required to be agreed to by Railways as if provisions are made such payments shall be made by SPVs.

In accordance to the requirement of the Ind AS-115, Company is required to provide for, in respect of replacement obligations arising during the remaining concession period as per requirement of the Ind AS 115 for best estimate of expenditure required to settle obligation at the end of the reporting period, however details about the year of the expenditure are not available as on 31st March 2024.

During the FY 2024-25, Company will follow with the Western railway for getting estimated cost and mode of payment and the period over which CTR activities will be there and accordingly will provide the necessary provisions while finalizing the accounts in the next financial year.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Kutch Railway Company Limited

Report on the audit of the Financial Statements Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Financial Statements of M/s Kutch Railway Company Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects of the matters described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2024, its profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

- 1. As explained in Note 44 of the Financial Statements, the project of Gauge Conversion work completed by Western Railway in earlier years had been duly capitalized under different heads of Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets on the basis of advices received from Western Railway on year to year basis which is subject to verification and reconciliation with Western Railway. Overall impact of the matter and the consequential effects on Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March, 2024, Retained Earnings as at 31st March, 2024 and on Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets as at 31st March, 2024 are not ascertainable and cannot be commented upon.
- 2. As explained in Note 44 of the Financial Statements, in earlier years, the Company had supplied material to Western Railway to the tune of Rs.11,997.00 Lakhs for completion of project of Gauge Conversion work which was capitalized under other intangible assets. The amount is subject to verification and reconciliation with Western Railway. Overall impact of the matter and the consequential effects on Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st

- March, 2024, Retained Earnings as at 31st March, 2024 and on trade payables as at 31st March, 2024 are not ascertainable and cannot be commented upon.
- As explained in Note No. 5.2 of the Financial Statements, the capitalization during the year of Rs. 52,689.25 Lakhs in the other intangible assets "Freight Sharing Right" are accounted for in the year of advice by RVNL/western railway and accounted with the value as advised by executing agency, based on the estimated project expenditure. It constitutes a departure from the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 which requires capitalization of actual expenditure when the freight sharing right is received i.e. the asset is ready to use. Overall impact of the matter and the consequential effects on Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March, 2024, Retained Earnings as at 31st March, 2024 and on other intangible assets as at 31st March, 2024 are not ascertainable and cannot be commented upon.
- 4. As explained in Note No. 39 of the Financial Statements, advances for various project expenditure to western railway and payables to western railway are subject to confirmation, reconciliation and consequential adjustments, if any. Overall impact of the matter and the consequential effects on Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March, 2024, Retained Earnings as at 31st March, 2024, on trade payables as at 31st March, 2024 and other non-current assets as at 31st March, 2024 are not ascertainable and cannot be commented upon.
- As explained in Note No. 52 of the Financial Statements, expenses incurred by Rail Vikas Nigam Limited on behalf of the Company on Samakhiali-Palanpur doubling projects are being accounted for based on advice of Rail Vikas Nigam Limited without verification thereof for the year ending 31st March 2024. Any discrepancies pointed out by consultant on verification of the same will be subject to confirmation from Rail Vikas Nigam Limited and adjustment in Books accordingly. Overall impact of the matter and the consequential effects on Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March, 2024, Retained Earnings as at 31st March, 2024, on trade payables as at 31st March, 2024 and other intangible assets under development as at 31st March, 2024 are not ascertainable and cannot be commented upon.

- 6. The Company has not accounted for the inventory of scrap available with Western Railway in the absence of details of quantity and value from western railway. Further, the Company has recognised amount of Rs.1,366.62 lakh during the year from sale of scrap on the basis of advice received from western railway but no details are provided with advice regarding period, quantity and value. Overall impact of the matter and the consequential effects on Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March, 2024, Retained Earnings as at 31st March, 2024 and on Inventory as at 31st March, 2024 are not ascertainable and cannot be commented upon.
- 7. As explained in Note No. 23.1 of the Financial Statements, the Company has recognized the operational and maintenance cost as the provisional figures advised by the western railways for the share of operational and maintenance cost due to the Company from the operations of the goods train. Operation & Maintenance cost of earlier years in respect of operation of goods trains are accounted for in the year of advice of provisional figure by the Western railway. Further as explained in Note 28 of the Financial Statements, during the F.Y 2023-24, the Company has recognised reversal of Operation & Maintenance cost of Rs. 2,377.19 Lakhs, charged by western railways in earlier years on provisional basis in respect of operation of goods trains and refunded during the year due to the change in the percentage of the general overhead and central overhead, which has been recognised as exceptional item during the year. It constitutes a departure from the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 which requires recognition on income and expenses on accrual basis. Overall impact of the matter and the consequential effects on Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March, 2024, Retained Earnings as at 31st March, 2024 and on trade payables as at 31st March, 2024 are not ascertainable and cannot be commented
- 8. As explained in Note No. 21.2 of the Financial Statements, the company has recognized the operating income as per the provisional figures advised by Western Railways for the share of revenue due to the company from the operations of goods trains. Operation revenue of earlier years in respect of operation of goods trains are accounted for in the year of advice of provisional figure by the Western railway. It constitutes a departure from the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 which requires recognition on income and expenses on accrual basis. Overall impact of the matter and the

- consequential effects on Statement of Profit and Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March, 2024, Retained Earnings as at 31st March, 2024 and on trade payables/receivables as at 31st March, 2024 are not ascertainable and cannot be commented upon.
- As explained in Note No. 49 of the Ind AS Financial statements on obligation to restore project assets to specified level of serviceability. In terms of Concession agreement, there is an obligation on the Company to keep the project assets in working condition, including making replacement, as per laid down standards of MOR, of all project assets whose codal lives expire during the concession period. Accordingly, Company is required to provide for in respect of replacement obligations arising during the remaining concession period as per requirement of Appendix - C of the Ind AS 115 for best estimate of expenditure required to settle obligation. However, the company has not estimated and provided for the aforesaid obligation in the IND AS Financial statements. In the absence of information, we are unable to ascertain the impact of the above on the IND AS on the financial statements of the company.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion on the Financial Statements.

Emphasis of Matters

- 1. We draw attention to Note 40 (ii) of the Financial Statements, the department has communicated that the matter has been kept in abeyance in view of the appeal on the identical issue filed by the department before Hon'ble Supreme court therefore, which describes the demands and show cause notices raised by the Director General of Central Excise Intelligence and other departments on applicability of service tax. The Company has not made any provision for the said liabilities. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.
- We draw attention to Note 56 of the Financial statements which describes that Western Railway has computed Company's share of apportioned earnings on the basis of 'carried route' instead of

'booked route' from F.Y.2013-14 and Western Railway has deducted amounts on the matter for the F.Ys. from 2010-11 to 2012-13. The Company estimates a liability of Rs. 2,550.00 lakhs which may arise in the subsequent years related to earlier financial years (from 2006-07 to 2008-09) as and when advised by the Western Railway. Pending company's dispute against this method of calculation of apportioned earnings at various levels in Railways, the Company has not provided for the liability in the books. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

We draw attention to Note no. 6.1 of the Financial Statements, which describes that the Western Railway had given the estimate of Rs 2,125.00 lakhs for elimination of 30 unmaned level crossings and expenditure of Rs 1,304.72 Lakhs has been incurred by Western Railway for which company has deposited Rs 1,385.00 lakhs which has been reported under capital advances. As per management, the amount reported as capital advance is recoverable from the Western Railway in terms of Railway notification Number 2015/Infra/18/6 dated 23/11/2017 and the Company is not liable to pay any additional amount to the western railway. Accordingly, no liability has been recognised in the books for the balance amount and no impairment provision has been recognised for recoverable amount of Rs.1,385.00 Lakhs.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

4. We draw attention to Note 5.6 the Financial Statements which states that the amount identified as incurred on passenger amenities for operating passenger trains is being capitalized in intangible assets over the years and will be adjusted in intangible assets in the year of certainty of recovery. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Information other than the financial statements and auditor's report thereon

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's Annual Report, but does not include the Financial Statements and our auditors' report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report of, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit/loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management and Board of Directors.
- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's and Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in

 planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Financial Statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- (A) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) Except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for qualified opinion section, in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) Except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for qualified opinion section in our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act;
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2024, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".

- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
 - In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act; and
- (B) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- (a) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31st March 2024 on its financial position in its financial statements -Refer note no. 40 to the Financial Statements.
- (b) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- (c) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- (d) (i) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any ("Ultimate whatsoever manner Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (ii) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate

- Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Parties or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (iii) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause d (i) and d (ii) above contain any material mis-statement.
- (e) The Company has not proposed, declared and paid any dividend during the year. Accordingly, reporting under rule 11(f) is not applicable to the company.
- (f) Based on our Examination, which included test check, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts for the financial year ended March 31st, 2024 which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software.

Further, for the periods where audit trail (edit log) facility was enabled and operated throughout the year for the respective accounting software, we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 01, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

(C) We are enclosing our report in term of section 143(5) of the Act, on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the Company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations given to us, in the "Annexure C" on the directions issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India.

> For RSPH & ASSOCIATES (Chartered Accountants) FRN No. 003013N

Place: New Delhi Date: 05.09.2024

Sd/-CA Tarun Kumar Batra

Partner

Membership Number: - 094318 UDIN: 24094318BKELEB6645

Annexure A to the Independent Auditors' Report on the financial statements of Kutch Railway Company Limited for the year ended 31st March 2024

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

With reference to the Annexure A referred to in the Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2024, we report the following:

- (i)(a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment and relevant details of right-to-use assets.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its property, plant and equipment by which all property, plant and equipment are verified in a phased manner. In accordance with this programme, certain property, plant and equipment were verified during the year. In our opinion, periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. The Company is in the process of reconciling the difference with the books of accounts and therefore we are unable to comment on the discrepancies, if any
- (c) There is no immovable property (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), held by the Company and accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued any of its property, plant and equipment (including right of use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year. Consequently, the question of our commenting on whether the revaluation is based on the valuation by a Register Valuer, or specifying the amount of change, if the change is 10% or more in the aggregate of the net carrying value of each class of Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right Of Use Assets) or intangible Assets does not arise.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) (formerly the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)) and rules made thereunder & therefore question of our commenting on whether the Company has appropriately disclosed the details in its standalone financial statement does not arise.
- (ii) (a) The Company has not accounted for the inventory of scrap available with Western Railway in the absence of details of quantity and value from western railway. Hence, we are unable to comment on the appropriateness of the coverage and procedure of physical verification, and discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for all class of inventory.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. five crores in aggregate from banks or financial institutions during any point of time of the year on the basis of security of current assets. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, in our opinion, during the year the Company has not provided loans, advances in the nature of loans, stood guarantee or provided security to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, in our opinion, during the year the Company has not made investments, provided guarantees, provided security and granted loans and advances in the nature of loans to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, in our opinion, the Company has not granted loans and advances in the nature of loans to companies,

- firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, in our opinion the Company has not granted loans or advances in the nature of loans to [companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties]. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (e) There were no loans or advance in the nature of loan granted to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iii)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no loans, investments, guarantees, and security in respect of which provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are applicable and accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (v) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act and the rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to maintain cost records which have been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of Companies Act, 2013.
- (vii) (a) According to the records of the company, the Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other statutory dues applicable to it. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on audit procedures performed by us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of these statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to information and explanations given to us and as per the books of accounts produced before us, there are no dues of goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, salestax, service tax, customs duty, excise duty, value added tax, cess, goods and service tax and other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute, except the dispute of service tax as under:-

Name of Statute	Nature of dues	Disputed Amount	Forum where Dispute is pending	Period to which amount relates to
Service Tax	Service Tax on apportioned freight earning	21359Lakhs	Principle Commissioner of Service Tax, Delhi-I (against show cause notice) Matter Kept in abeyance (See note no, 40 (ii))	2009-10 to 2013-14
Service Tax	Service Tax on apportioned freight earning	8207 lakhs	Principle Commissioner of Service Tax, Delhi-I (against show cause notice)Matter Kept in abeyance (See note no, 40 (ii))	2014-15

Service Tax	Service Tax on apportioned freight earning	21166 Lakhs	Principle Commissioner of Service Tax, Delhi-I (against show cause notice)Matter Kept in abeyance (See note no, 40 (ii))	2015-16, 2016-17 and 2017-18 (Up to June 30, 2017)
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- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ix) a. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
 - c. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management. The Company has utilized the monies raised by term Loans (secured Loan) for the purposes for which they were obtained.
 - d. According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the books of the Company, we report that the Company did not raise any funds for short term basis during the year hence, the requirement to report on clause (ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - e. According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the Financial Statements of the Company, we report that the Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - f. According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture. Accordingly, the requirement to report on Clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- X. a. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not raised any money during the year by way of initial public offer / further public offer (including debt instruments) hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares /fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year under audit and hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- XI. a. Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, considering the principles of materiality outlined in the Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit nor have we been informed of any such case by the management.
 - b. According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
 - c. As per information and explanation given by the management and/or audit committee there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- XII. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- XIII. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the transactions with related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable, and the details of the related party transactions have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable Indian accounting standards.

- XIV. a. Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - b. We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till 31st March 2024 furnished to us.
- XV. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and hence requirement to report on clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- XVI. a. The provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934) are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause (xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - b. The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without obtained a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
 - c. The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - d. According to the information and explanations provided to us during the course of audit, there are no other Companies part of the Group, hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

XVII. The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the current and in the immediately preceding financial year. XVIII. There has been no resignation of the Statutory Auditors of the Company during the year.

- XIX. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios (also refer note 55 (xvii) to Financial Statements, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the Financial Statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) (a) In respect of other than ongoing projects, the company has transferred unspent amount to a Fund Specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013 within a period of six months of the expiry of the financial year in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135 of the said Act.
 - (b) In respect of ongoing projects, the Company has transferred unspent amount to a special account, within a period of thirty days from end of the financial year in compliance with section 135 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013 as disclosed in note no 47 to the financial statements.

For RSPH & ASSOCIATES (Chartered Accountants) FRN No. 003013N

Place: New Delhi Date: 05.09.2024

Sd/-CA Tarun Kumar Batra Partner Membership Number: - 094318

UDIN: 24094318BKELEB6645

Annexure B to the Independent Auditors' report on the financial statements of Kutch Railway Company Limited for the year ended 31st March 2024

Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the aforesaid financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

(Referred to in paragraph 2(A)(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

We have audited the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements of Kutch Railway Company Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the Financial Statements of the Company as at and for the year ended on that date.

Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements were established and maintained and whether such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Qualified Opinion

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, the following material weaknesses have been identified as at March 31, 2024:

- As per The Operation and Management agreement executed between the company and Western Railway referring to para 3.1.4 part ii., a survey team for quarterly review was to be formed. No such committee has been formed till date.
- As per the Operation and Management Agreement executed between the Company and Western Railway referring
 to Para 6.3.2 Western Railway and the Company shall arrange to reconcile the details of traffic before the
 accounts for the month are closed. The same practice is not followed as reconciliation for income and expenses
 are pending for the year as income and expenses for previous years are booked during the year.
- No response received for balance confirmations letters send to western railways and no system / mechanism exists to ensure reconciliation of dues with western railways as on 31st March 2024, procedure of obtaining balance confirmation at periodical interval needs to be reviewed and strengthened.

These weaknesses could potentially result in the Company recognising revenue without establishing reasonable certainty of accuracy.

A 'material weakness' is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to explanations given to us, except for the possible effects of the material weaknesses described above on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

We have considered the disclaimer reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the Financial Statements of the Company, and the qualification has affected our opinion on the Financial Statements of the Company and we have issued a qualified opinion on the Financial Statements.

Place: New Delhi Date: 05.09,2024 For RSPH & ASSOCIATES (Chartered Accountants) FRN No. 003013N

Sd/-CA Tarun Kumar Batra Partner Membership Number: - 094318 UDIN: 24094318BKELEB6645



(Annexure C to the Independent Auditors' report on the financial statements of Kutch Railway Company Limited for the year ended 31st March, 2024

S. No.	Directions	Our Report
1.	Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.	All the Accounting Transactions are processed through the Accounting Software however some of the calculations considered for the financial statements Like Depreciation on Fixed Assets are calculated on excel sheet and the accounting voucher for the amount so calculated is passed through the accounting software. During the course of verification of these calculations on excel sheet, we have not come across any major calculation mistakes or mistakes identified were rectified.
2.	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts/loans/ interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? If yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for? (In case, lender is a Government company, then this direction is also applicable for statutory auditor of lender company)	Based on Audit Procedure performed by us and as per the information and explanation given to us, there has been no restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off of debts/ loans/interest etc. made by a lender to the company.
3.	Whether funds (grants/subsidy etc.) received/ receivable for specific schemes from Central/State Govt. or its agencies were properly accounted for/ utilized as per its terms and conditions? List the cases of deviation.	No such funds Received

Place: New Delhi Date: 05.09.2024 For RSPH & ASSOCIATES (Chartered Accountants) FRN No. 003013N

Sd/-

CA Tarun Kumar Batra Partner

Membership Number: - 094318 UDIN: 24094318BKELEB6645

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2024

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note As at As at			. ,	
i di ticulai s	No.	31st March 2024			arch 2023
I. ASSETS					
1 Non-current assets	_				
(a) Property, Plant and equipment	3	47.59		53.78	
(b) Right of Use Assets	4	310.74		352.06	
(c) Other Intangible assets	5	3,79,753.43		3,53,055.29	
(d) Intangible assets under development	6	13,681.47		17,645.87	
(e) Financial Assets					
(i) Others	7	11.56		2,835.24	
(f) Deferred Tax Assets(Net)	16	14,076.23		14,758.86	
(g) Other non-current assets	8	8,037.73	4,15,918.75	10,840.99	3,99,542.09
2 Current assets					
(a) Financial Assets	9				
(i) Trade Receivables	9.1	12,165.17		-	
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	9.2	2,132.99		721.28	
(iii) Bank Balances other than (ii) above	9.3	20,696.86		1,187.44	
(iv) Others	9.4	2,633.18		5,074.17	
(b) Current Tax Assets (Net)	10	-		807.87	
(c) Other current assets	11	342.48	37,970.68	122.50	7,913.26
Total Assets			4,53,889.43		4,07,455.35
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
1 Equity					
(a) Equity Share Capital	12	82,100.00		25,000.00	
(b) Other Equity	13		2,56,938.59		2 12 413 62
2 Liabilities	.0	1,7 4,000.00	2,00,000.00	1,07,410.02	2,12,410.02
(i) Non-current liabilities					
(a) Financial Liabilities	14				
(i) Borrowings		1,05,979.90		92,462.68	
(ia) Lease Liabilities	14.1	303.12		331.99	
(ii) Trade Payable	14.3	303.12		331.33	
-Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	14.3				
-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro		21,934.09		23,029.12	
enterprises and small enterprises		21,934.09		23,029.12	
(b) Provisions	15	203.60		179.46	
(c) Other Non-Current Liabilities	17		1 47 252 02		1 26 550 22
	17	10,932.22	1,47,352.93	20,554.96	1,36,558.23
()	40				
(a) Financial Liabilities	18	40.050.00		7 500 00	
(i) Borrowings	18.1	12,850.00		7,500.00	
(ia) Lease Liabilities	18.2	28.87		26.73	
(ii) Trade Payable	18.3				
-Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises				0.007.50	
-Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro		3,008.56		8,827.53	
enterprises and small enterprises		000-0-		00.55-5-	
(iii) Other financial liabilities	18.4	30,956.60		39,025.06	
(b) Other current liabilities	19	1,941.18		2,756.03	
(c) Short Term Provisions	20	505.77		348.15	
(d) Current tax Liabilities (Net)	10	306.93	49,597.91	-	58,483.50
Total Equity and Liabilities			4,53,889.43		4,07,455.35

III. See accompanying notes to the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For RSPH & Associates

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 003013N

CA Tarun Kumar Batra

Partner

M. No.: 094318 UDIN: 24094318BKELEB6645

Place: New Delhi Date: 05.09.2024

1 to 58

For & on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-Vijay Anand

(CEO)

M. P. Singh Director

Sd/-Ajit Singh Director

(DIN: 08165734)

(DIN: 08076926)

Sd/-Sanjeev Sharma

Sd/-**Gyanendra Shrivastav**

(Company Secretary)

(CFO)



STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON 31st MARCH, 2024

(₹ in Lakhs except EPS)

Do-4!	oulara	Nete	for the Veer and	for the Veer ended
rartio	culars	Note No.	for the Year ended 31st March, 2024	for the Year ended 31st March, 2023
	Devenue :	140.	JIST Walcii, 2024	313t Water, 2023
I.	Revenue : Revenue from operations	21	1,66,659.68	1,92,738.30
II.	Other income	22	4,304.31	2,630.71
III.	Total Income (I + II)		1,70,963.99	1,95,369.01
IV.	Expenses:		, ,	, ,
	Operating and other Expenses	23	1,30,676.41	1,59,867.68
	Employee benefits expenses	24	536.40	480.76
	Finance Cost	25	12,387.00	3,138.49
	Depreciation and amortization expenses	26	26,047.84	19,806.54
	Other Expenses	27	716.80	604.96
.,	Total Expenses (IV)		1,70,364.45	1,83,898.43
۷.	Profit/loss Before exceptional items and Tax (III - IV)	-00	599.54	11,470.58
VI. VII.	Exceptional items Profit/(Loss) before tax (V - VI)	28	(2,377.19) 2,976.73	(222.02) 11,692.60
	Tax expense:		2,970.73	11,092.00
, , , , , ,	(1) Current tax			
	- For the year	29	496.88	2,042.93
	- For earlier years (net)		2.91	83.50
	(2) Deferred tax (net)	16	684.48	2,184.33
	Total Tax Expense (VIII)		1,184.27	4,310.76
IX	Profit/(loss) for the period from continuing operation (VII - VIII)		1,792.46	7,381.84
Х	Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations		-	-
ΧI	Tax Expense of discontinued operations		-	-
XII	Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations (after tax) (X-XI)		-	-
XIII	Profit/(loss) for the period (IX+XII)		1,792.46	7,381.84
XIV	Other Comprehensive Income			
	A. (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss	30	(5.29)	(2.27)
	(ii) Income Tax relating to Items that will not be reclassified		1.85	0.79
	to profit and loss B. (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit and loss			
	(ii) Income Tax relating to Items that will be reclassified to profit and loss			
	Total Comprehensive Income (A+B)		(3.44)	(1.48)
XV.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (XIII +XIV)		1,789.02	7,380.36
	(Comprehensive profit and other comprehensive income		,	'
	for the period)			
XVI.	Earnings Per Equity Share:			
	(For Continuing Operation) (1) Basic (Face Value Rs. 10 Per share)	31	0.33	2.95
	(2) Diluted (Face Value Rs. 10 Per share)	31	0.33	2.95
XVII.	Earnings Per Equity Share:	31	0.55	2.55
` ` '''	(For discontinuing Operation)			
	(1) Basic (Face Value Rs. 10 Per share)	31	-	-
	(2) Diluted (Face Value Rs. 10 Per share)	31	-	-
XVIII	Earnings Per Equity Share:			
	(For discontinued and continuing Operation)	٠.		
	(1) Basic (Face Value Rs. 10 Per share)	31	0.33	2.95
	(2) Diluted (Face Value Rs. 10 Per share)	31	0.33	2.95
			•	•

See accompanying notes to the financial statements 1 to 58

As per our report of even date attached

For RSPH&Associates

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 003013N

Sd/-

CA Tarun Kumar Batra

Partner

M. No.: 094318

UDIN: 24094318BKELEB6645

Place: New Delhi Date: 05.09.2024

For & on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-Vijay Anand

(CEO)

Sd/-M. P. Singh Director

Sd/-Ajit Singh Director

(DIN: 08165734)

(DIN: 08076926)

Sd/-Sanjeev Sharma

Sd/-Gyanendra Shrivastav

(Company Secretary)

(CFO)

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED ON 31st MARCH 2024

		Γ		1	(₹ in Lakhs
Particulars			As At ⁄Iarch, 2024		As At Narch, 2023
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net Profit before taxation		2,976.73		11,692.60	
Adjustment for :		2,070.70		11,002.00	
Depreciation & amortization expenses		26,047.84		19,806.54	
Loss on disposal/written off of Property, Plant and Equipment		9.18		0.08	
Interest Income		(1,283.51)		(588.88)	
Interest on lease liabilities		26.77		11.81	
Interest on Term Loan		8,116.83		461.51	
Unwinding of discount on Security Deposit		(0.69)		(0.97)	
Unwinding of Discount on Overhead Cost Payable		2,043.27		2,127.19	
Income from reversal of deferred Overhead costs payable		(1,622.76)		(1,622.76)	
Rent Expense - reversal of fair value adjustment of		0.92		0.94	
security deposit		•••			
Operating Profit before working capital changes	(1)		36,314.58		31,888.06
Adjustment for :				1	
Decrease / (Increase) in Other Financial current Assets		(1.96)		(370.97)	
Decrease / (Increase) in Other Current Assets		(219.98)		(31.99)	
Decrease / (Increase) in Other Non current Financial Assets		(0.00)		(8.33)	
Decrease / (Increase) in Other Non Current Assets		-		(7.93)	
(Decrease) / Increase in Trade Payables		(8,957.27)		(3,923.50)	
(Decrease) / Increase in Trade Receivables		(12,165.17)		-	
(Decrease) / Increase in Other Current Financial Liability		(38.75)		92.11	
(Decrease) / Increase in Other Current Liability		(814.85)		1,024.54	
(Decrease) / Increase in Non Current Provisions		18.85		(11.64)	
(Decrease) / Increase in Current Provisions		157.62		(60.74)	
(Decrease) / Increase in Current Tax Assets		-		-	
	(2)		(22,021.51)		(3,298.45)
Cash generated from operation	(1+2)	14,293.06		28,589.61	
Income Tax Paid (Net of Refunds)		614.09		(1,825.01)	
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIVE ACTIVITIES	(A)		14,907.15		26,764.60
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Capital Expenditure on PPE,Other Intangible Assets		()		(\	
& Intangible under Development (Net of Capital Advances)		(68,253.19)		(23,891.77)	
Proceeds from disposal of Assets		8.48		102.64	
Interest Received		1,199.46		437.79	
Investment in Other Current Fixed Deposits		5,351.38		(4,115.93)	
Decrease / (Increase) in Bank Balance other than those		(40 500 40)		0 4 47 07	
taken to Cash & Cash Equivalent	(D)	(19,509.42)	(04.000.00)	2,147.97	(05.040.00)
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(B)		(81,203.29)		(25,319.30)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		F7.040.00			
Issue of share capital (Net of Share issue exp)		57,010.96		1	
Share Application Money Refunded during the year Interest on Term Loan		(8 000 00)		(6.014.96)	
Principal portion of lease liability		(8,089.89)		(6,914.86)	
Interest portion of lease liability		(26.73) (26.77)		(38.04)	
Repayment of Term Loan				(11.81)	
Proceeds from Term Loan from the Bank		(9,659.72) 28,500.00		6,100.22	
	(C)	20,300.00	67 707 05	0,100.22	(864.40)
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(C)		67,707.85	1	(864.49)

NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH &	(A+B+C)	1,411.71	580.81
CASH EQUIVALENT			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT (OPENING)	(D)	721.28	140.47
Cash Balances		0.13	0.19
Balance with Banks		21.15	3.28
Deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months		700.00	137.00
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT (CLOSING)	(E)	2,132.99	721.28
Cash Balances	`	0.37	0.13
Balance with Banks		11.62	21.15
Deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months		2,121.00	700.00
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH & CASH EQUIVALENT	(E - D)	1,411.71	580.81

The accompanying notes are integral part of financial statements Notes:-

The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the Indirect method as set out in Ind AS-7 on "Statement of Cash Flow".

2. Reconcilation of Liabilities arising from financing activities

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Lease Liabilities	Share Application Money Pending Allotment	Borrowings
Balance at 1st April, 2023 Cash flows:-	358.72	14,275.00	99,962.68
-Repayment -Proceeds Non-Cash:-	53.50	14,275.00 57,100.00	9,659.72 28,500.00
- Accrued Interest on Loan - Fair Value -Additions/Deletions to right of use assets in exchange for increased lease liabilities	26.77		26.94
-Shares Issued during the year		-57,100.00	
Balance at 31st March, 2024	331.99	-	118,829.90

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Lease Liabilities	Share Application Money Pending Allotment	Borrowings
Balance at 1st April, 2022	34.85	-	93,840.28
Cash flows:-			
-Repayment	49.85	-	
-Proceeds	-		6,100.22
Non-Cash:-			
- Accrued Interest on Loan	-		22.18
- Fair Value	11.81	-	
-Additions/Deletions to right of use assets in exchange for increased lease liabilities	361.91	-	
-Conversion of outstanding dues		14,275.00	
Balance at 31st March, 2023	358.72	14,275.00	99,962.68

As per our report of even date attached

For RSPH & Associates

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 003013N

Sd/-

CA Tarun Kumar Batra

Partner

M. No.: 094318

UDIN: 24094318BKELEB6645

Place: New Delhi Date: 05.09.2024 For & on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-Vijay Anand

(CEO)

Sd/-

M. P. Singh

Sd/-Ajit Singh

Director

Director

(DIN: 08165734)

(DIN: 08076926)

Sd/-

Sd/-

Sanjeev Sharma (Company Secretary) **Gyanendra Shrivastav**

(CFO)

Statement of Changes in equity for the year ended on 31st March, 2024

A. Equity share capital

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Number of shares in lakhs	Amount
Balance at April 1, 2022	2,500.00	25,000.00
(a) issue of equity shares capital during the year	-	-
Balance at 31st March 2023	2,500.00	25,000.00
(a) issue of equity shares capital during the year	5,710.00	57,100.00
Balance at 31st March 2024	8,210.00	82,100.00

B. Other Equity

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Reserve and Surplus			
	Share Application	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance at 1 April 2022	-	879.52	1,64,878.75	1,65,758.26
Profit for the year			7,381.84	7,381.84
Other Comprehensive Income for the year (net of income tax)			(1.48)	-1.48
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	7,380.36	7,380.36
Dividends	-			
Transfer to retained earning				
Received during the year (Refer Note 13.3)	14,275.00	-	-	14,275.00
Balance at 31st March 2023	14,275.00	879.52	172,259.11	187,413.62
Profit for the year			1,792.46	1,792.46
Other Comprehensive Income for the year (net of income tax)			(3.44)	-3.44
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	1,789.02	1,789.02
Dividends	-	-	-	-
Payment of the Stamp Duty	-	-	(89.05)	-89.05
Transfer to retained earning	-	-	-	-
Received during the year (Refer Note 13.3)	57,100.00	-	-	57,100.00
Shares issued during the year	(57,100.00)	-	-	-57,100.00
Share Application Money Refunded during the year	(14,275.00)	-	-	-14,275.00
Balance at 31st March 2024	-	879.52	1,73,959.08	1,74,838.59

As per our report of even date attached

For RSPH&Associates

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 003013N

Sd/-

CA Tarun Kumar Batra

Partner

M. No.: 094318

UDIN: 24094318BKELEB6645

Place: New Delhi Date: 05.09.2024 For & on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/- Sd/-Vijay Anand M. P. Singh

M. P. Singh Director Sd/-Ajit Singh Director

(DIN: 08165734)

(DIN: 08076926)

Sd/-Sanjeev Sharma (Company Secretary)

(CEO)

Sd/-Gyanendra Shrivastav (CFO)

Material Accounting policies and measurement method

Notes forming part of Financial Statements ended on 31st March, 2024

1 Corporate Information

Kutch Railway Company Limited (KRC) is a public limited company domiciled and was incorporated in India on January 22, 2004 as a Special purpose Vehicle (SPV) with the objective of the gauge conversion of the existing 301 Km railway line between Gandhidham and Palanpur in Gujarat. The Company is a Joint Venture between Rail Vikas Nigam Limited (RVNL), Mundra Ports & SEZ Ltd, Kandla Port Trust and Govt. of Gujarat. The registered office of the company is located at Suit No. 15 - 22, 2nd Floor, Indra Palace, H- Block, Connaught Circus, New Delhi.

The Company has entered into a Concession Agreement with President of India, through Executive Director (Perspective Planning) of the Ministry of Railways (MoR), Government of India, Rail Bhawan, New Delhi on November 8, 2005 granting rights to the company for commercial exploitation, development of additional facilities in the project area and right to receive/share earnings of Ministry of Railways of the tariff collected from freight traffic and other charges as per the agreement in relation of the project. It also defines obligation of the company to be performed by it. The agreement is granted for 32 years. The company has also executed a lease deed on the same day with the President of India for the use of leased assets which forms part of the concession agreement and is attached as Schedule -A thereto. Upon expiry, the company is required to hand over the project assets to Ministry of Railways free from all encumbrances whatsover. Upon transfer the company shall be entitled to receive amount equal to book value of the project assets.

2 Basis of Preparation

2.1 Statement of Compliance

The financial statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2024 have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 as Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time.

2.2 Basis of Measurement

- (i) The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and on an accrual basis, except for the following item that have been measured at fair value as required by relevant Ind-AS:
 - (a) Defined benefit Plan and other long term employee benefits
 - (b) Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

(ii) Current vs non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- (i) Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- (ii) Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- (iii) Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- (iv) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other assets as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- (i) It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle.
- (ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- (iii) It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- (iv) There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

2.3 Use of estimates and judgment

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amount of income and expenses. Such estimates include estimation of useful life of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and future obligation under employee benefit plan. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a periodic basis. Future results could differ due to changes in these estimates and difference between the actual result and the estimates are recognized in the period in which the results are known/materialize.

2.4 Statement of Cash flow

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, cash at banks, net of outstanding bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand are considered part of the Company's cash management system.

2.5 Functional and Presentation Currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (i.e. Functional Currency). The financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is the functional and presentation currency of the company. All financial information presented in Indian rupees and all values are rounded to the nearest lakhs upto two decimals except where otherwise stated.

2.6 Property, plant and equipment

(a) Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

Cost of asset includes the following:

- i. Cost directly attributable to the acquisition of the assets
- ii. Present value of the estimated costs of dismantling & removing the items & restoring the site on which it is located if recognition criteria are met.
- (b) Cost of replacement, major inspection, repair of significant parts are capitalized if the recognition criteria are met.
- (c) An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from continued use of assets. Any gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in statement of profit or loss.

Depreciation

- (a) Depreciation on Property, plant and Equipment is provided on pro-rata basis on Straight Line Method (SLM) over the useful life of the assets as specified in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (b) Each part of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment is depreciated separately if the cost of part is significant in relation to the total cost of the item and useful life of that part is different from the useful life of remaining asset.

The estimated useful life of assets for current and comparative year of significant items of property plant and equipment are as follows:

Particulars

Nature of Assets	Useful Life (Years)
Plant & Machinery	15
Office Equipments	05
Electronic Data Processing Assets	03
Furniture & Fixtures	10
Vehicles	08

(c) Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date, with the effect of change in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

2.7 Intangible Assets

(a) Freight Sharing Right (Railway Line under Service Concession Arrangement :SCA)

The company recognizes an intangible asset arising from a service concession arrangement when it has a right to charge for usage of the concession infrastructure. An intangible asset received as consideration for providing construction or upgrade services in a service concession arrangement is measured at fair value on initial recognition by reference to the fair value of the services provided. Subsequent to initial recognition, the intangible asset is measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

The useful life of an intangible asset in a service concession arrangement is the period from when the company is able to charge the public for the use of the infrastructure to the end of the concession period i.e. 32 years.

Freight sharing right is amortised using the straight line method on prorata basis from the date of addition or from the date when the right is brought into service whichever is later, to the expiry of concession period.

Amortisation methods and useful lives are reviewed at each reporting date, with the effect of change in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The carrying value of intangible asset is reviewed for impairment annually or more often if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

(b) Other Than Freight Sharing Right

Intangible assets are recognized when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated amortization and impairment loss, if any.

Amortisation

Intangible Assets other than freight sharing right assets are fully amortised equally over three financial years, from the year in which the asset is available for use.

2.8 Intangible Asset Under Development:

Freight sharing right under development

- i. Indirect expenses incidental to construction of various assets are being apportioned on pro-rata basis to respective assets.
- ii. Deposit Works contracts are accounted for on the basis of statement of accounts received from executing agencies.
- iii. In respect of supply cum erection contracts, the value of supplies received at site and accepted is treated as Intangible assets under development.
- iv. The addition/deletion in the Intangible assets under development (advised by Western Railway) are accounted for in the year of advice by Western Railway.

2.9 Revenue Recognition

a) Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Revenue from contract with customers is recognized when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Revenue from Railway Operation

The operating income of the company is recognized on point in time at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Construction Contract Revenue under SCA

Revenue related to construction or upgrade services under a service concession arrangement is recognized based on the stage of completion of the work performed, when the outcome of construction contract can be measured reliably and where the outcome of construction contract can not be measured reliably , revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract cost incurred that is probable to be recoverable. Performance

obligation is measured by the company on the basis of inputs to the satisfaction of a performance obligation (i.e. Input Method).

b) Other Revenue Recognition

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the interest rate applicable using Effective Interest rate Method.

Insurance claims are accounted for on receipt basis. Claims other than insurance claims are accounted for only on recognition of such claims by the party on whom such claim is made.

2.10 Leasing

- (i) The Company Recognizes a right-to-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct cost incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.
- (ii) The right-to-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-to-use-asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful life of the right-to-use asset is determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. In addition, the right-to-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.
- (iii) The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate.
- (iv) The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, it is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments from a change in an index or rate. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right -to-use asset, or is recorded in the profit and loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.
- (v) The Company presents right-of-use asset that do not meet the definition of Investment property separately on the face of the Financial statements under the "Right to Use Assets" and lease liabilities in "other financial liabilities" in the Balance Sheet.
- (vi) Short term Lease and Leases of low value assets. The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use asset and lease liabilities for short term leases that have lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low value assets. The Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

As A Lessor

- (i) When the Company acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. To classify each lease, the Company makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers substantially all the risk and rewards incidental to the ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease, if not then it is an operating lease. As part of the assessment, the Company considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.
- (ii) If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Company applies Ind AS-115 "Revenue from contract with customers" to allocate the consideration in the contract.
- (iii) The Company recognizes lease payments received under operating lease as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as part of "Other Income".

2.11 Impairment of non-financial assets

In accordance with Indian Accounting Standard-36 Impairment of Assets , the carrying amounts of Company's assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated as the higher of the net selling price or the value in use. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount.

2.12 Employee Benefits

- (a) Short Term Employee Benefits: The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid for the services rendered are recognized as an expense during the year when the employees render the services.
- (b) Post-employment benefits & other Long Term Employee Benefits:
- i. Retirement benefits in the form of provident fund and National Pension Scheme (NPS) are defined contribution schemes. The company has no obligation, other than the contribution @10% of Basic pay plus dearness allowance payable under such scheme and Charges payable for operation of the Pension scheme will be borne by the Company. The contributions to the provident fund and NPS are charged to the statement to the Profit and loss for the year when the contributions are due.
- ii. Under the defined retirement plan, the company provides retirement obligation in the form of Gratuity. For defined retirement plans, the difference between the fair value of plan assets and the present value of plan liabilities is recognized as an assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position. The cost of providing benefit is determined on the basis of actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at each year-end and is charged to the Statement of Profit & Loss.
 - iii. Provision for long term Leave Encashment is made based on actuarial valuation at the year end. Actuarial gains or losses in relation to the Leave encashment are recognized in Statement of profit and loss account.
- iv. Actuarial gains or losses in relation to the Gratuity are recognized in other comprehensive income.
- v. Re-measurements recognised in other comprehensive income comprise of actuarial gains or losses that are not reclassified to profit or loss from other comprehensive income in subsequent periods. Retirement Benefits Liability in respect of Gratuity and leave encashment is provided on the basis of actuarial valuation.

2.13 Taxes

(a) Current income tax

- i. Current income tax is determined as per the provisions of the Income Tax Act in respect of taxable income for the year.
- ii. Current income tax assets and liabilities for current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. Liability for additional taxes, if any, is provided / paid as and when assessments are completed.
- iii. Current tax related to OCI Items is recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI).

(b) Deferred tax

- i. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for temporary differences which is computed using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.
- ii. Deferred income tax asset are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.
- iii. The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.
- iv. Deferred tax related to OCI Item are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI).
- v. The company has started availing the deduction u/s 80IA of the Income Tax Act,1961 from the Assessment Year 2013-14, due to which there will be a tax holiday period of 10 years i.e. up to Assessment years 2022-23. Therefore in accordance with Ind AS-12, the deferred tax in respect of timing differences which are likely to be reversed during the tax holiday is not recognised to that extent.

(c) Minimum Alternative Tax

Minimum Alternative Tax credit is recognized as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer a convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

2.14 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and contingent Assets

(a) Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance sheet date. Provisions are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date.

Provision which expected to be settled beyond 12 months are measured at the present value by using pretax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expenses.

- (b) Contingent Liabilities are disclosed in either of the following cases:
 - A present obligation arising from a past event, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; or
 - ii. A reliable estimate of the present obligation cannot be made; or
 - iii. A possible obligation, unless the probability of outflow of resource is remote.
- (c) Contingent Liability is net of estimated provisions considering possible outflow on settlement.
- (d) Contingent Liability and Provisions needed against Contingent Liability and Contingent Assets are reviewed at each Reporting date.
- (e) Contingent assets is disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

2.15 Earnings Per Share

In determining basic earnings per share, the company considers the net profit attributable to equity shareholders. The number of shares used in computing basic earnings per share is the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. In determining diluted earnings per share, the net profit attributable to equity shareholders and weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effect of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.16Fair Value Measurement

Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- in the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the company. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. The company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

Assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- 1. Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- 2. Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- 3. Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting year.

At the reporting date, the Company analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be re-measured or re-assessed as per the accounting policies. For this analysis, the Company

verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents.

The Company also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

The fair value of an intangible asset received as consideration for providing construction services in a service concession arrangement is estimated by reference to the fair value of the construction services provided.

2.17 Financial instruments:-

(a) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial Instruments recognized at its fair value plus or minus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial instruments.

(b) Subsequent measurement

Financial Assets

Financial assets are classified in following categories:

At Amortised Cost

A financial asset shall be measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- ii. The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate method less impairment if any. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the statement of profit and loss.

At Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

A 'debt instrument' is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

- The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- · The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the company recognizes interest income, impairment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the P&L. On de-recognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to P&L. Interest earned is recognised using the EIR method.

At Fair Value Through Profit and Loss

FVTPL is a residual category for financial Assets. Any financial assets, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

In addition, the company may elect to designate financial asset, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. If doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency. The company has not designated any financial asset as at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities at Amortised Cost

Financial liabilities initially recognized at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

The company has not designated any financial liabilities at FVTPL.

(c) Derecognising

Financial Asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expires or it transfers the financial assets and substantially all risks and rewards of the ownership of the asset.

Financial Liability

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or

expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognising of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the income statement.

(d) Impairment of financial assets:

Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss. The Company follows' simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivable. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVTOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applies on whether there has been significant increase in credit risk.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognised during the year is recognised as income/expense in the statement of profit and loss.

(e) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable contractual legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.18 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets till such time the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period for which they are incurred.

2.19 Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid Expenses upto Rs 5,00,000/- in each case are treated as expenditure /income of the year and accounted for to the natural head of accounts.

Prior Period Adjustments

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for the prior periods presented in which the error occurred. If the error occurred before the earliest period presented, the opening balances of assets, liabilities and equity for the earliest period presented, are restated unless it is impracticable, in which case, the comparative information is adjusted to apply the new accounting policy prospectively from the earliest date practicable"

2.20 Disclosure as per Ind AS 8 'Accounting policies, change in accounting estimates & errors'

a) Material accounting policy information

The Company adopted the amendment to Ind AS 1 'Presentation of financial statements' as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide notification 31 March 2023 relating to 'Disclosure of accounting policy information' - from 1 April 2023. Although the amendment did not result in any changes in the accounting policy themselves, they impacted the accounting policy information disclosed in the financial statements. The amendments requires the disclosure of (material) rather than (significant) accounting policies. The amendments also provide guidance on the application of materiality to disclosure of accounting policies, assisting entities to provide useful, entity- specific accounting policy information that user need to understand other information in the financial statements.

b) Standard/Amendments issued but not yet effective:

Ministry of Corparate Affairs (MCA) notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 from time to time. MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards, which are effective from 1 April 2024.

3. Property, Plant and Equipment

Particulars	Vehicle	Plant & Machinery	Furniture & Fixture	Computers	Total
At Cost or Deemed Cost					
At 1st April 2022	37.11	14.18	67.98	24.93	144.20
Additions Disposals/Adjustments	(0.48)	2.72 (0.64)	0.89 -	2.81	6.42 (1.12)
At 31st March 2023	36.63	16.26	68.87	27.74	149.50
Additions Disposals/Adjustments	(2.24)	13.20 (9.57)	2.98 (26.41)	10.70 (7.98)	26.88 (46.20)
At 31st March 2024	34.39	19.89	45.44	30.46	130.18
Accumlated Depreciation and impairment					
At 1st April 2022	6.04	7.35	50.58	18.92	82.89
Depreciation charge for the year Impairment	4.08	1.92	4.42	2.75	13.17
Disposals/Adjustments	-	(0.34)	-	-	(0.34)
At 31st March 2023	10.12	8.93	55.00	21.67	95.72
Depreciation charge for the year	4.08	2.33	5.02	3.98	15.41
Impairment	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals/Adjustments	-	(0.96)	(22.20)	(5.38)	(28.54)
At 31st March 2024	14.20	10.30	37.82	20.27	82.59
Net book value					
At 31st March 2024	20.19	9.59	7.62	10.19	47.59
At 31st March 2023	26.51	7.33	13.87	6.07	53.78

4. Right of Use Assets

Particulars	Buildings	Total
At Cost or Deemed Cost		
At 1st April 2022	149.78	149.78
Additions	361.90	361.90
Disposals/Adjustments	-	-
At 31st March 2023	511.68	511.68
Additions	-	-
Disposals/Adjustments	-	-
At 31st March 2024	511.68	511.68
Accumlated Depreciation and impairment		
At 1st April 2022	119.86	119.86
Depreciation charge for the year	39.76	39.76
Impairment	-	-
Disposals/Adjustments	-	-
At 31st March 2023	159.62	159.62
Depreciation charge for the year	41.32	41.32
Impairment	-	-
Disposals/Adjustments	-	-
At 31st March 24	200.94	200.94
Net book value		
At 31st March 2024	310.74	310.74
At 31st March 2023	352.06	352.06

5. Other Intangible Assets

Particulars	Computer Software	Freight Sharing Right	Total
At Cost or deemed cost			_
At 1st April 2022	0.22	2,03,155.18	2,03,155.40
Addition during the year Disposal/Adjustments	- -	1,91,017.91 101.94	1,91,017.91 101.94
At 31st March 2023	0.22	3,94,071.15	3,94,071.37
Addition during the year Disposal/Adjustments	- -	52,689.25 -	52,689.25
At 31st March 2024	0.22	4,46,760.40	4,46,760.62
Amortisation and Impairment			
At 1st April 2022	0.10	21,262.38	21,262.48
Amortisation Disposal/Adjustments	0.07	19,756.33 2.80	19,756.40 2.80
At 31st March 2023	0.17	41,015.91	41,016.08
Amortisation Disposal/Adjustments	0.05	25,991.06 -	25,991.11 -
At 31st March 2024	0.22	67,006.97	67,007.19
Net book value			
At 31st March 2024	-	3,79,753.43	3,79,753.43
At 31st March 2023	0.05	3,53,055.24	3,53,055.29

- 5.1 Amortisation on other intangible assets included in note 26 Depreciation & Amortisation.
- 5.2 The addition in the above intangible assets as advised by executing agency for the Doubling & Electrification work is on the basis of project expenditure as advised by executing agency (RVNL). Addition is made on figure received till 31st March 2024 pending finalization of bills.
- pending finalization of bills.

 5.3 Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets upto the date of capitalisation of Rs. NIL lakhs (previous year of Rs. 63422.66 lakhs) for Doubling Project and Rs. NIL lakhs (previous year of Rs. 3294.04) for Electrification Project are capitalised as part of such assets. Borrowing costs of amounting Rs. 629.98 lakhs (Previous year NIL lakhs) for the Core Project are capitalised as part of such assets.
- 5.4 The Company has received the commissioning letters from Commissioner of Railway Safety/Western Circle certifying that the doubling project and electrification project, being carried out by RVNL, has been fully commissied on 24.02.2023 and 24.03.2023 respectively. In accordance with the expenditure sheet received from RVNL, amount of Rs. 2,74,193.00 lakhs and Rs. 56,542.75 lakhs has been incurred on the respective projects upto March 31, 2023, while as per the asset head wise details received and other charges like Departmental Cahrges, GST & D&G charges submitted by RVNL, total cost of doubling project and electrification project on commission is Rs. 2,43,401.00 lakhs and Rs.59,255.90 lakhs respectively. There is a differnce of expenditure incurred on the doubling project as per expenditure sheet submitted by RVNL/CO and Assets head wise details submitted by CPM/RVNL/ADI by Rs.307,93.00 lakhs. The Company has capitalized the amount of Rs.307,93.00 lakhs under intangible assets freight sharing rights on commissioning date, pending reconciliation between amount reported by RVNL/CO and CPM/RVNL/ADI.Similarly there is a differnce of expenditure incurred on the electrification project as per expenditure sheet submitted by RVNL/CO and Assets head wise details submitted by CPM/RVNL/ADI by Rs.2713.14 lakhs i.e differntial expenditure reported by CPM/RVNL/CO is not considered pending reconciliation between amount reported by RVNL/CO and CPM/RVNL/ADI.
- 5.5 Estimated cost of Project of doubling of Palanpur Samakhyali Section of Railway Line work is approved by the board of directors in the 106th meeting held on 23th August 2024 of amounting Rs 3,23,073.00 lakhs against the previous estimated cost of amounting Rs 2,86,716 lakhs.
- 5.6 As per the Clause 4.5e of the Concesion Agreement /Clause 7.2 d of the O&M agreement, expenditure, on passenger amenities for operating passenger trains is to be borne by the Railway. RVNL has incurred the cost of the passenger amenities under the doubling project. KRCL has processed for the reimbursement of expentiture incurred by RVNL/KRCL on passenger amenities. In the Meeting held on 14/06/2024 between Western Railway, ADI division & KRCL. The Railway Board has accorded approval and has directed Western Railway to make payment vide their letter number 2011/Infra/18/2 dated 10.04.2024. Sr. DCM/ADI further clarified that issue is not resolved yet, as the Railway Board has sought some information from KRCL. KRCL was further requested to provide the requisite documents to the Railway Board. Matter is under process and KRCL to follow up with Railway Board for reimbursement of Rs 247.52 crore incurred on development of passenger amenities during the doubling of PNIJ-SIOB line.
- 5.7 During the year, Company has received the letter from Western Railway Chief electrical department dated 17.04.2023 and 08.05.2024 regarding the commissioning of the CORE project being carried out by WR. In Accodance to this, the Company has capitalized the amount of Rs.9321.40 lakhs under intangible assets freight sharing rights.

NOTES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2024 KUTCH RAILWAY COMPANY LIMITED

(₹ in Lakhs)

6. Intangible Assets under Development

J					,
Particulars		2022-23			2023-24
	As at 1st April 2023	Net Additions/ Deduction	As at 31st March 2023	Net Additions/ Deduction/	As at 31st March 2024
Bhildi Running Room	378.79	(362.49)	16.30	134.14	150.44
Intermediate Block Section	653.47		653.47	•	653.47
Inter Locking Work	1	•	•	147.40	147.40
Data Logger	97.19	(97.19)	•	•	•
PNU-SIOB Doubling	119,408.83	(109,393.99)	10,014.84	(10,014.84)	0.00
AT Weld -ADEN-GIM & RDHP	256.78	(256.78)			•
Radhanpur RCC Overhead Tank	27.70	(27.70)	•	•	•
Residence for ADSTE-RDHP	12.80	(12.80)	•	•	
Strengthening of Bridges	273.86	(273.86)	•	•	
Track Fitting Renewal	1,515.89	(1,515.89)	•	•	•
Track Renewal Work	323.70	(323.70)	•	•	•
Through Weld Renewal & related work	112.19	(112.19)	•	•	•
Deep Screening	1,360.37	9.47	1,369.84	571.57	1,941.41
Additional Water Way	4,010.21	1	4,010.21	678.83	4,689.04
Bankability Study	11.95	1	11.95	•	11.95
Laying of OFC	495.53	772.64	1,268.17	•	1,268.17
Improvement of Platforms at Santalpur	3.34	(3.34)	•	•	•
& Adesar					
Improvement Of Quarters	29.03	(29.03)		•	
Deep Borewell Bhildi	15.51	(15.51)	•	•	•
PNU-SIOB Doubling Survey	125.96	1	125.96	•	125.96
Capital WIP other project bridge no.41	•	56.86	98.99	•	98.99
Capital WIP Repair to Damaged AC Sheet	1	12.17	12.17	•	12.17
Capital WIP Unmanned LC No 6	1	106.10	106.10	•	106.10
Capital WIP Unmanned LC No 12	•	1	•	26.09	26.09
Capital WIP(Track renewal work)	•	1	•	00:09	00.09
Capital WIP(TFR Work)	1		•	98.76	98.76
Capital WIP (CTR Work)	1	-	-	4,298.77	4,298.77
Total	129,113.10	(111,467.23)	17,645.87	(3,964.40)	13,681.47

Western Railway has given the estimate of Rs 2125.00 lakhs for elimination of 30 unmanned level crossings and expenditure of Rs 1304.72 Lakhs has been ncurred for which company has deposited Rs 1385 lakhs which has been shown as capital advances, since this liability is disputed the same has not been 6.1

provided in Intangible Assets Under Development.

During the FY 2022-23, As per Letter No. 16-5/675/409 received dated 24.02.2023 from Commissioner of Railway Safety regarding completion of last part of 2021-23, As per Letter No. 16-5/675/409 received dated 24.02.2023 from Commissioner of Railway Safety regarding completion of last part of 248 km line from Palanpur - Samakhyali Section, Company has transferred its Doubling Projects under development assets to Intangible assets under Freight Sharing right amounting Rs. 2,08,641.37 lakhs. 6.2

- **6.3** During the year, Company has received the letter from Western Railway Chief electrical department dated 17.04.2023 and 08.05.2024 regarding the commissioning of the CORE project being carried out by WR. In Accodance to this, the Company has transferred the amount of Rs.9321.40. lakhs to intangible assets freight sharing rights.
- **6.4** Projects under development are capitalized in intangible assets freight sharing rights based on the commissioning letter received from western railway, pending such letter from the western railways, as on March 31, 2024, the amounts spend on the projects are lying in Intangible assets under development and will be capitalized once the commissioning details are received.
- 6.5 Intangible Assets under development ageing schedule-

As on 31st March,2024 (Rs. in Lakhs)

				1	101 111 = 411110)
Intangible assets under development			Inatangible Ass pment for a per		Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	6,050.45	957.24	5,408.33	1,265.45	13,681.47

As on 31st March,2023 (Rs. in Lakhs)

Intangible assets under development	Amount in Inatangible Assets under devdelopment for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress	1,650.69	9,097.14	5,632.59	1,265.45	17,645.87

6.6 For Intangible assets under development, whose cost has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan:

As on 31st March,2024 (Rs. in Lakhs)

7.0 011 0 10t Mai 011,202+				()	to. III Lanilo)
Intangible assets under development		То	be completed i	n	Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Railway project*	9,015.57	-	-	-	-

As on 31st March,2023 (Rs. in Lakhs)

Intangible assets under development		То	be completed in	n	Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Railway project*	17,645.87	-	-	-	-

^{*} there is no project whose completion is overdue, the project reported above due to cost overrun.

6.7 Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets. During the F.Y 2023-24 interest cost of amounting Rs.19.16 lakhs (F.Y 2022-23 Rs 6,914.84 lakhs) has been capitalized as part of cost of assets. It includes interest charged by RVNL, on it dues of amounting Rs NIL lakhs (previous year of Rs.6,115.31 Lakhs).

7. Financial Assets- Others

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Considered Good : Secured Fixed Deposits under Debt Service Reserve Account (More than 12 months) (Refer Note 9.3.2)	-	2,787.53
Interest Accrued on Fixed Deposit Considered Good : Unsecured At Amortised Cost	-	36.85
Security Deposits	11.56	10.86
Total	11.56	2,835.24

8. Other non-current assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
a) Capital Advances Unsecured, considered good Advances for various project expenditure*	8,031.66	10,834.00
b) Others Prepaid Rent **	6.07	6.99
Total	8,037.73	10,840.99

^{*} It includes Advances given for Doubling project amounting Rs. 3755.97 lakhs (PY: Rs. 4355.99 lakhs) & for Electrification amounting Rs. 1560.55 lakhs (PY: Rs. 1525.32 lakhs). As the projects are completed in FY 22-23, the said advances are needed to be adjusted with RVNL once the final bill for cost are received.

9. Financial Assets - Current

9.1. Trade Receivables

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Considered good,Unsecured Receivable from Western Railways	12,165.17	,
Total	12,165.17	-

The Trade Receivables as on 31st March 2024 amounting to Rs 12,165.17 lakhs (Previous year :- NIL) are derived after deducting/adjusting Rs 3,57,195.41 lakhs payable to WR on account of Operating and Maintenance Cost as advised by WR.

Western Railway balance as on 31st March 2024 are subject to confirmation/Reconcilation from the Western Railways.

^{**} It represents unamortised portion of the difference between the fair value of financial assets on initial recognition and expenditure incurred.

Trade Receivables ageing schedule as on 31st March 2024 are as follows:-

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	_	or following pe date of paymer	
	Less then 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1-2 years
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables –considered good	12,165.17		
(ii) Undisputed Trade receivables –Having Significant Risk	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables -credit impaired	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables–Having Significant Risk	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-
Total	12,165.17	-	-

9.2 Cash and Cash equivalent

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Cash in hand Balances with banks:	0.37	0.13
 On current accounts 	11.62	21.15
Deposits with original maturity of 3 months or less	2,121.00	700.00
Total	2,132.99	721.28

9.3 Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash equivalent

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Other Bank Balances		
Fixed Deposits under Debt Service Reserve Account	9,230.00	1,030.14
Balance in Escrow Account	35.25	51.50
Balance in Dividend Account	-	0.21
Balance in CSR Account	102.61	105.59
Fixed Deposits with original maturity of upto 12 months	11,329.00	-
Total	20,696.86	1,187.44

- **9.3.1** The Amount lying in Escrow Account can be used by company in compliance with terms of Loan Agreement.
- 9.3.2 Deposits under the Debt Service Reserve Account is maintain of an amount equivalent to 6 months/2 quarters interest payments (ensuing) to the extent of loan disbursed during the Moratorium Period. The Borrower shall also maintain DSRA equivalent to two quarters (ensuing) Debt service liability to the extent of loan disbursed after Moratorium Period.
- 9.3.3 The amount lying in CSR Account represents balance for Ongoing projects undertaken by the company.

9.4 Other Current Financial Assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Fixed Deposits with original maturity of more than 12 months	-	4,500.00
Fixed Deposits under Debt Service Reserve Account (Refer Note 9.3.2)	2,363.00	390.00
Considered Good : Unsecured		
Other Receivables		
Employee Advances	1.96	-
Interest Accrued on Fixed Deposit	268.22	184.17
Total	2,633.18	5,074.17

10. Current Tax Asset/(Current Tax Liabilities)

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Current Tax Asset		
Income Tax refundable	38.60	41.91
Advance Tax & TDS	151.35	2,808.89
Provision for Income Tax	(496.88)	(2,042.93)
Total	(306.93)	807.87

11. Other Current Assets

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Others		
Prepaid Expenses	332.19	110.79
Prepaid Rent *	0.92	0.92
Other Advances	9.37	10.79
Total	342.48	122.50

^{*} It represents unamortised portion of the difference between the fair value of financial assets on initial recognition and expenditure incurred.

12. Equity Share Capital

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Authorised share capital		
1,00,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10 each* *(31st March, 2023: 1,00,00,00,000 Equity Share of Rs 10 each)	100,000.00	100,000.00
of No 10 days)	100,000.00	100,000.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Capital		
82,10,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10 each* (31st March, 2023 : 25,00,00,000 Equity Share of Rs 10 each) (Includes 2,73,50,100 Shares issued for consideration other than cash & 5,00,00,000 bonus shares)	82,100.00	25,000.00
2 3 2 2. 2,22,22,000 Dollad Gharoo,	82,100.00	25,000.00

^{*} As company requires additional funds for the payments of the ongoing doubling and electrification projects of the company. In the EGM dated 14.03.2023, it has been approved that this additional fund required shall be partially met through term loan from bank and balance through equity contribution from shareholders in their existing ratio. The authorised share capital was increased in the previous year to accommodate the present requirement of issue of share capital. Further Company has issued shares amounting of Rs 57,100/- lakhs during the current year for the payments of the ongoing doubling and electrification projects of the company.

(a) Reconciliation of the number of equity shares and share capital

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024		_	As at Iarch 2023
	No of shares (in Lakhs)	Amount (in Lakhs)	No of shares (in Lakhs)	Amount (in Lakhs)
Issued/Subscribed and Paid up equity Capital outstanding at the beginning of the year	2,500.00	25,000.00	2,500.00	25,000.00
Add: Shares Issued during the year	5,710.00	57,100.00	-	-
Issued/Subscribed and Paid up equity Capital outstanding at the end of the year	8,210.00	82,100.00	2,500.00	25,000.00

(b) Details of Shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares in the company

Name of the shareholder	As at 31st March 2024		1	at rch 2023
	No of shares (in Lakhs)	% holding in the class	No of shares (in Lakhs)	% holding in the class
 Rail Vikas Nigam Limited Kandla Port Trust Adani Port & SEZ Ltd. 	4,105.00 2,134.60 1,642.00	50.00 26.00 20.00	1,250.00 650.00 500.00	50.00 26.00 20.00
Total	7,881.60	96.00	2,400.00	96.00

(c) Terms & Right attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share and also to dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the board of directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company after distributing all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(d) Aggregate number of equity shares issued as fully paid by way of bonus during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024 No in lakhs	As at 31 March 2023 No in lakhs	As at 31 March 2022 No in lakhs	As at 31 March 2021 No in lakhs	As at 31 March 2020 No in lakhs
Equity shares issued as bonus	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-

(e) Details of Promoter's Shareholding-

	As at 31st March 2024			As at	31st March 2	2023
Name of Promoter	No. of Shares (in lakhs)	% of total shares	% change during the year	No. of Shares (in lakhs)	% of total shares	% change during the year
Rail Vikas Nigam Limited	4,105.00	50.00	-	1,250.00	50.00	-
Kandla Port Trust	2,134.60	26.00	-	650.00	26.00	-
Adani Port & SEZ Ltd.	1,642.00	20.00	-	500.00	20.00	-
Govt of Gujarat	328.40	4.00	-	100.00	4.00	•
Total	8,210.00	100.00	-	2,500.00	100.00	-

13. Other Equity (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
	31St Warch 2024	3 IST Warch 2023
General Reserve	879.52	879.52
Retained Earnings	1,73,959.07	1,72,259.10
Share Application Money Pending Allotment	-	14,275.00
Total	1,74,838.59	1,87,413.62

13.1 General Reserve

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Opening Balance Add: Transfer from statement of profit and loss	879.52 -	879.52 -
Closing Balance	879.52	879.52

13.2 Retained Earnings

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Balance at the beginning of the current / previous reporting period; Add: Profit during the year transfer from statement of profit 8	1,72,259.10 R loss 1.792.46	1,64,878.74 7.381.84
Other comprehensive income arising from Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation net of income tax	(3.44)	(1.48)
Interim Dividend	-	-
Payment of dividend on equity shares	-	-
Payment of Stamp Duty Fees	(89.05)	-
Closing Balance	1,73,959.07	1,72,259.10

13.3 Share Application Money Pending Allotment

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
Opening Balance*	14,275.00	-
Received during the year	57,100.00	14,275.00
Issued during the year**	57,100.00	-
Refunded/Adjustment during the year*	-14,275.00	-
Closing Balance	-	14,275.00

^{*}Company in the board meeting held on 29/03/2023 proposed to issue right shares to the existing shareholders. The share application money was subscribed by Rail Vikas Nigam limited through conversion of its debt, however as other existing shareholders have not subscribed share application/allotment money therefore Board by meeting held on 08/06/2023 decided to cancel the right issue.

During the current year, in the 96th Board Meeting dated 08.06.2023, Share application subscribed by the Rail Vikas Nigam Limited has been refunded by transfering the amout to RVNL balance outstanding.

Nature and Purpose of Other Reserves:

(a) Retained Earnings

Retained Earnings represents the undistributed profits of the Company.

(b) General Reserve

General Reserve represents the statutory reserves, this is in accordance with Corporate Law wherein a portion of profit is apportioned to General Reserve. Under Companies Act, 2013, the transfer of any amount to General Reserve is at the discretion of the Company.

13.4Distributions Made and Proposed

Dividend paid/payable shall be recognised in the year in which the related dividends are approved by shareholders or board of directors as appropriates.

No final/interim dividend have been proposed/paid during the financial year 2023-24 (financial year 2022-23).

^{**}During the FY 2023-24, Company has issued shares amounting of Rs 57,100.00 lakhs to the existing shareholders under the right issue.

14. Financial Liabilities-Non Current

14.1Borrowings (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Secured- At Amortised Cost		
Term Loans		
-From Banks	1,05,979.90	92,462.68
	1,05,979.90	92,462.68

14.1.1 Summary of borrowing arrangement

- (i) The Palanpur-Gandhidham line was converted to broad-gauge in 2006, and currently serves two major Indian ports viz. Kandla Port and Mundra Port. It also connects the various industries (cement, salt and fertilizer) of Kutch region to their hinterlands. The line would also connect the area to the upcoming Western Railway to dedicated freight corridor as an important feeder line. In order to augment the capacity of the line significantly and handle future traffic growth, the said project needs doubling and electrification and accordingly an Addendum dated 26.10.2020 to Concession Agreement was entered into between the MoR and the Company herein, by virtue of which it was agreed that the Company to undertake (i) Doubling & Electrification of Railway line between Palanpur-samakhiali section measuring about 248 Km & (ii)Electrification of down line between Samakhiali and Gandhidham section measuring about 53 Km. in the state of Gujarat (hereinafter referred to as the "Project"). Total Cost
- ii) A Term Loan of Rs. 1,00,000 Lakhs has been taken by the company from the PNB against the project cost of Rs. 2,93,000 Lakhs (now revised to Rs. 3,71,983 lakhs under the common Loan agreement, out of which Rs.NIL Lakhs has been disbursed by the Bank during the F.Y 2023-24. (Previous Year Rs. 6,100.00 Lakhs).

Further Company has taken a fresh loan of amounting of Rs. 28500.00 lakhs during the FY 2023-24 for a tenure of 10 years to meet the cost overrun in the projects of the company.

14.1.2 Terms of security for loan are as follows:

The Secured Obligations shall, to the satisfaction of the Secured Parties, do hereby hypothecate, assigns by way of security, charges and assures unto the Lender on exclusive charge basis (subject to the provisions of the Concession Agreement), the following:-

- a) first charge in a form and manner satisfactory to the Lender by way of hypothecation over all Goods / Assets created out of the Loan in terms of Government of India, Ministry of Railways (Railway Board) letter no. 2011/Infra/18/2 dated 05.01.2021 and without prejudice to MoR's rights under clause 9.1 and 9.2 of the Concession Agreement signed between Ministry of Railways (MoR) and Kutch Railway Company Limited/ Company".
- b) first charge over the goods/assets by way of hypothecation other than the Projects Assets, as permitted in the Concession Agreement.
- c) first Charge over the current assets including the receivables of the Borrower pertaining to the Project.
- d) first charge over the uncalled capital of the Borrower.

of the project was estimated Rs 2,93,000/- Lakhs.

- e) first charge of all Project bank accounts including but not limited to the Escrow Account(s), Debt Service Reserve Account, etc.
- f) first charge by way of assignment of rights, interest and obligations of the Company in favour the Bank to the extent covered by and in accordance with the Concession Agreement
- g) first charge by way of assignment of all applicable insurance policies;

The Security mentioned hereinabove shall be created in the form and manner acceptable to the Lender and within time period stipulated by the Lender. Further, the Security Interest stipulated herein above shall exclude the Project Assets (as defined in and in accordance with Concession Agreement) and shall be subject to provisions of Concession Agreement.

14.1.3 Terms of Repayment

The Facility have a door-to-door tenure of 12 years including construction period of 2 Year. The Facility shall be repaid in 40 (forty) structured quarterly instalments starting from 31st March 2023. However, as per revised schedule of payment issued by bank, on account of change in DOCC from December 2022 to June 2023, the revised terms for Repayment starts from September 2023. In case of the original loan the amount of the Quarterly Installment is 2500.00 lakhs per installment and for fresh loan amount of the Quarterly Installment is 712.50 lakhs per installment.

14.1.4 Interest Terms

The Applicable Interest rate for 1st & 2nd year was MCLR (6.80%)+0.25% (Liquidity Premium) =7.05% p.a. with monthly resets. The interest rate remained fixed during the Moratorium Period of 2 years. The first interest reset date shall be after the moratorium period with automatic monthly reset thereafter, at one month MCLR on the date of reset. Following is the Interest rate applied during the year-

Month	Interest Rate
April 2022 to Sept 1st 2022	7.05%
Till Oct 1st 2022	7.10%
Till Nov 1st 2022	7.15%
Till Dec 1st 2022	7.45%
Till Jan 1st 2023	7.50%
Till Feb 1st 2023	7.90%
Till Mar 1st 2023	8.00%
Till 31st March 2023	8.10%
Till 31st March 2024	8.35%

- **14.1.5** Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets.
- **14.1.6** Terms of security for loan, Terms of Repayment and Interest Terms are same for both the Original Loan of Rs. 1,00,000 lakhs and Fresh Loan of amounting Rs 28,500.00 lakhs).

14.2 Lease Liabilities (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Lease Liabilities	303.12	331.99
Total	303.12	331.99

14.3 Trade Payable (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		
- At Amortised Cost Overhead Cost Payable (WR) - Refer Note 43(b)	21,934.09	23,029.12
Total	21,934.09	23,029.12

- (a) Overhead Cost payable represents deferred expenses on account of overhead charges payable upto 31 March 2016 (i.e. salary for RPF, Accounts, Medical & Personnel and corresponding retirement benefits-DCRG, Pension, Leave salary etc.) which are not payable to WR as it is deferred for the first ten years of operation of the line and the same shall be payable by Company over a period of 20 years commencing from the 11th year of operation, as advised by WR from time to time in terms of clause 3.1.5 of the Operation & Maintenance Agreement.
- (b) In the event of default of non payment of dues outstanding exceeding 3 months by KRC to WR, KRC shall be liable to pay WR an interest equal to the SBI PLR prevailing on the date on which the notice of default was issued for the period from the date when the payment was due to the date of payment.
- (c) The credit period in respect of Trade Payables is five days from the end of the relevant month.
- (d) Trade payables are interest bearing. Interest is payable in case of event of default of Non payment of dues for three consecutive months.

(e) Trade Payables Ageing Schedule are as follows:-

As at 31st March 2024

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment#				Total
	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME (ii) Others	- 21,934.09		-	-		- 21,934.09
(iii) Disputed dues – MSME (iv)Disputed dues - Others	- -	-	-	- -	-	, - -

As at 31st March 2023:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment#				Total
	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME (ii) Others	- 23,029.12		-			- 23,029.12
(iii) Disputed dues – MSME (iv)Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-

15. Provisions

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Employee Benefits	-	-
Leave Encashment	203.60	179.46
Total	203.60	179.46

Note:- The provision for employee benefits includes retirement benefits of gratuity and Leave encashment, for other disclosures refer Note no- 46.

16. Deferred Tax* (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Deferred tax liability Property, plant & equipment and ROU other intangible assets	25,017.31	16,853.18
Total deferred tax liability	25,017.31	16,853.18
Deferred tax Assets		
Ind AS adjustments (Overhead Cost and Security deposit)	2,006.94	1,860.08
Employee benefit	105.93	75.56
MAT Credit Entitlement	27,173.46	26,653.37
Unabsorbed Depreciation	9,807.21	3,023.03
Total deferred tax asset	39,093.54	31,612.04
Net Deferred tax Assets	14,076.23	14,758.86

In accordance with Ind AS-12- "Income Taxes" notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Company has assessed the deferred tax taking into consideration all the items, due to which there is temporary difference between the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities and their tax base as on 31.03.2024.

Movement in deferred tax liability/ (asset)

Particulars	Ind AS Adjustments (Overhaed Cost Payable and SD)	PPE & Intangible Assets and ROU	Unabsorbed Depreciation	MAT	Employee Benefits	Total
Opening balance as at 1st April 2022	(1,683.80)	9,448.74	-	(24,610.44)	(96.90)	(16,942.40)
Charged/(credited) To Profit & Loss To other comprehensive	(176.28) income	7,404.44 -	(3,023.03)	(2,042.93)	22.13 (0.79)	2,184.33 (0.79)
Closing balance as at 31st March 2023	(1,860.08)	16,853.18	(3,023.03)	(26,653.37)	(75.56)	(14,758.86)
Charged/(credited) To Profit & Loss To other comprehensive	(146.86) income -	8,164.13 -	(6,784.18)	(520.09)	(28.52) (1.85)	684.48 (1.85)
Closing balance as at 31st March 2024	(2,006.94)	25,017.31	(9,807.21)	(27,173.46)	(105.93)	(14,076.23)

17. Other Non current Liability

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31st March 2024	31st March 2023
a) Fair valuation adjustment-		
Financial Liabilities		
Overhead Cost Payable*	18,932.22	20,554.98
_		
Total	18,932.22	20,554.98

^{*} It represents difference between the fair value of financial liabilities (overhead Cost Payable to Railway) on initial recognition and expenditure incurred at amortised cost.

18. Financial Liabilities - Current

18.1 Borrowings

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Current Maturities of long term debt		
(Refer Note 14.1)	12,850.00	7,500.00
Total	12,850.00	7,500.00

18.2 Lease Liabilities

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Lease Liabilities	28.87	26.73
Total	28.87	26.73

18.3 Trade Payable

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-
(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		
- At Amortised Cost	2 006 44	2 006 44
Overhead Cost Payable (WR)* Operating and Maintenance Cost Payable (WR)	3,006.44	3,006.44 5,818.59
Payable to Others	2.12	2.50
Total	3,008.56	8,827.53

⁽i) *Refer Note No-14.3 & 43(b) for detail.

⁽ii) Note (i) Trade Payable (WR) as on March 31, 2024 amounting to Rs. NIL Lakhs (previous year Rs. 5818.59 Lakhs)are derived after deducting/adjusting Rs NIL Lakhs (Previous year Rs 2,77,400.67 Lakhs) Recoverable from WR on account of Apportioned earnings as advised by WR.

(iii) Trade Payables Ageing Schedule are as follows:-

As at 31st March 2024:

Particulars		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment#				Total
	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME (ii) Others (iii) Disputed dues – MSME (iv)Disputed dues - Others	3,006.44 - -	- 2.12 - -				3,008.56 - -

As at 31st March 2023: (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment#			Total	
	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) MSME (ii) Others	- 8,825.03	- 2.50	-	-	-	8,827.53
(iii) Disputed dues – MSME (iv)Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-

18.4 Other Financial Liabilities

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Other Payables including Expenses Payable	59.44	36.71
Bonus Payable	75.02	95.37
Security from suppliers	3.91	45.49
Payable for Capital Assets	30,818.18	38,846.98
Payable to Employees	0.05	0.51
Total	30,956.60	39,025.06

- (i) Payable for Capital Assets includes Rs. 29,918.54 Lakhs (Rs.37,391.70 as on 31st March 2023) payable to Rail Vikas Nigam Limited towards project expenditure of doubling/electrification of railway line between Palanpur-Samakhiyali and Rs 3.50 Lakhs (Rs 3.50 as on March 31.2023) on other works.
- (ii) Payable to Capital Assets is Nil (Rs. 654.40 as on 31st March 2023) payable towards CORE project expenditure of Samakhyali-Gandhidham section of Railway line.
- (iii) Payable to Capital Assets includes Rs 894.14 Lakhs (Rs. 797.38 lakhs as on 31st March 2023) payable towards Western Railway Other Projects.

19. Other current Liability

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Others		
EPF Payable	3.92	4.03
NPS Payable (Refer Note No. 46.2)	-	103.81
Other Statutory Liabilities*	314.50	1,025.43
Overhead Cost Payable**	1,622.76	1,622.76
Total	1,941.18	2,756.03

^{*} Includes TDS, Professional Tax payable, GST payable under RCM

20. Short Term Provisions

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Employee Benefits		
Gratuity (Refer Note 46)	25.41	14.64
Leave Encashment (Refer Note 46)	74.14	22.14
Provison for CSR	406.22	311.37
Total	505.77	348.15

21. Revenue from operation

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Revenue From Contracts with Customers		
(Income form bulk & Container traffic (Refer Note No32) Other Operating Revenue	1,17,934.83	1,13,289.56
(Construction Contract Revenue under SCA (Refer Note No32	2) 48,724.85	79,448.74
Total	1,66,659.68	1,92,738.30

- **21.1** For the year ended 31st March 2024, the company has recognized revenue of Rs. 48,724.85 Lakhs (March 31st 2023 Rs. 79,448.74 Lakhs), on construction of intangible assets under service concession arrangement.
- **21.2** The operating income of the company is recognized as per the provisional figures advised by Western Railways for the share of revenue due to the company from the operations of goods trains. Operating revenue of earlier years in respect of operation of goods trains are accounted for in the year of advice of provisional figures by the Western railway.

Operating revenue of earlier years is accounted in the year of the advice by the Western railways as per the requirement of the Ind AS-8, since information about the revenue was not available at the time of the approval of the financial statements of the previous periods.

^{**} It represents difference between the fair value of financial liabilities (overhead Cost Payable to Railway) on initial recognition and expenditure incurred at amortised cost.

22. Other Income (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Interest Income		
Interest Income on Fixed Deposits (at amortised cost)	1,283.51	588.88
Interest on Advances to Employees	-	-
Interest on Income Tax Refund	30.65	52.00
Other Non-operating Income	-	
Unwinding of discount on Security Deposit	0.69	0.97
Income from reversal of deferred Overhead costs payable	1,622.76	1,622.76
Miscellaneous Income	80.0	0.01
Provision Written Back	-	24.56
Income from the Scrap Sale *	1,366.62	341.53
Total	4,304.31	2,630.71

^{*} Income from Scrap Sale is recorded as per the advise received from the Western Railways.

23. Operation & Maintenance Expense (O&M Expenses)

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Man Power Cost	38,836.69	31,779.20
Fixed Maintenance Cost	6,320.11	4,717.29
Cost of Fuel	28,530.85	35,963.99
Hiring Charges of Rolling Stock	4,638.76	4,568.18
Wagon Repair Charges	1,218.81	1,297.05
Vehicle Hire Charges	265.24	260.41
Overhead cost	2,049.30	1,742.23
Documentation Charges	22.03	21.38
Compensation Claim	69.77	69.21
(Construction Contract Cost under SCA (Refer Note No32)	48,724.85	79,448.74
Total	1,30,676.41	1,59,867.68

- 23.1 The Operation & Maintenance Cost of the company is recognized as per the provisional figures advised by Western Railways for the share of Operation & Maintenance Cost due to the company from the operations of goods trains. Operation & Maintenance Cost of earlier years in respect of operation of goods trains are accounted for in the year of advice of provisional figures by the Western railway.
 - Operation & Maintenance Cost of earlier years is accounted in the year of the advice by the Western railways as per the requirement of the Ind AS-8, since information about the cost was not available at the time of the approval of the financial statements of the previous periods.
- **23.2** Company has received reduction in the O&M Variable Cost of amounting Rs 2640.53 lakhs the FY 2023-24 by letter dated 29.08.2024. KRCL has received the letter before the finaliztion of the accounts for the FY 2023-24, therefore the O&M cost for the FY 2023-24 are revised accordingly.

24. Employee Benefit and Expenses

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Salaries, Wages & benefits	478.34	341.86
Contribution to PF & Other Funds	41.19	124.92
Provision for Retirement Benefits	12.57	9.95
Staff Welfare Expenses	4.30	4.03
Total	536.40	480.76

25. Finance Cost

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Other Borrowing Cost		
Unwinding of Discount on Overhead Cost Payable	2,043.27	2,127.19
Interest on lease liabilities	26.77	11.81
Interest Exp on Loan	8,116.83	461.51
Interest Exp on Construction Contractor	2,157.97	512.32
Interest on Income Tax	42.16	25.66
Total	12,387.00	3,138.49

26. Depreciation and Amortization

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment (Refer Note No-3 Depreciation on Right of Use Assets (Refer Note No-4)	3) 15.41 41.32	13.18 39.76
Amortization of intangible assets (Refer Note No-5)	25,991.11	19,753.60
Total	26,047.84	19,806.54

27. Other Expenses

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Professional Charges	87.77	121.19
Rent Expense	15.24	15.24
Electricity	2.96	2.83
Communication	3.91	3.00
Travelling & Conveyance	8.40	5.75
Printing & Stationery	3.18	4.31
Advertisement & Sponsorship	-	4.43
Books & periodicals	0.34	0.42
Insurance for project assets	211.27	108.61
Entertainment & business promotion	24.12	23.08
Membership & Business Subscription	1.35	4.12
Meeting and conference charges	1.86	0.04
Repairs & maintenance	3.09	2.47
Vehicle Running & Maintenance	13.70	8.81
Auditor remuneration (refer Note -48)	6.49	6.57
Bank Charges	0.29	0.08
Loss on disposal/written off of Property, Plant and Equipmen	t 9.18	0.08
Miscellaneous Expenses	3.51	4.64
Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses	320.14	289.29
Total	716.80	604.96

28 Exceptional Items

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Overhead Cost Reversal* Freight Apportion Revenue**	2,377.19	1,568.21 (1,346.19)
Total	2,377.19	222.02

^{*}The Operation & Maintenance Cost of the company is recognized as per the provisional figures advised by Western Railways for the share of Operation & Maintenance Cost due to the company from the operations of goods trains. During the F.Y 2023-24, western railway has refunded excess indirect cost of Rs. 23,77.19 Lakhs charged during the FY 2021-22, 2022-23 (Previous F.Y 2022-23, western railways has refunded excess indirect cost of Rs. 1,568.21 Lakhs charged during the FY 2016-17, 2019-20 & 2020-21.

29. Income tax recognised in profit and loss

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Income tax: Current income tax charge For earlier years (net)	496.88 2.91	2,042.93 83.50
Deferred tax: In respect of the current year (For details Refer Note No-16)	684.48	2,184.33
Total	1,184.27	4,310.76

Reconciliation between tax expense and the accounting profit :

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Accounting profit before tax from continuing operations Applicable Tax Rate Computed tax Expenses on taxable profit	2,976.73 34.94% 1.040.19	11,692.60 34.944% 4,085.86
Deferred tax Impact of Ind AS Adjustments Add: Effect of expenses that are not deductible Less: Exempt Income	- 144.08	- 224.90
At the effective income tax rate	1,184.27	4,310.76
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss (relating to continuing operations)	1,184.27	4,310.76
promise (coming a commany operation)	1,184.27	4,310.76

^{*}During current and previous financial year tax has been calculated using MAT Provisions of Income Tax Act 1961

^{**} Apportioned freight revenue recovered is Rs. Nil lakhs (Previous Year: for the FY 2009-10 & 2010-11 of Rs. 1346.19 lakhs) from western railway.

30. Components of Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)

The disaggregation of changes to OCI by each type of reserve in equity is shown below:-

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Remeasurement of Defined benefit plans Tax impact on Remeasurement of Defined benefit plans	(5.29) 1.85	(2.27) 0.79
Total	(3.44)	(1.48)

31 Earnings per share (EPS)

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Basic EPS From continuing operation From discontinuing operation	0.33	2.95
Diluted EPS From continuing operation From discontinuing operation	0.33	2.95

31.1 Basic Earning per Share

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the company by weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year

The earnings and weighted average number of equity shares used in calculation of basic earning per share:(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Profit attributable to equity holders of the company: Continuing operations Discontinuing operations	1,792.46	7,381.84
Total	1,792.46	7,381.84
Weighted average number of shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share (No. lakhs)	5,495.34	2,500.00

31.2 Diluted Earning per Share

(₹ in Lakhs)

The earnings and weighted average number of equity shares used in calculation of diluted earning per share:-

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Profit attributable to equity holders of the company: Continuing operations Discontinuing operations	1,792.46	7,381.84
Earnings used in calculation of diluted Earning Per Share from continuing operations	1,792.46	7,381.84

The weighted number of equity shares for the purpose of diluted earning per share reconciles to the weighted average number of equity shares used in calculation of basic earning per share as follows: (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Weighted average number of Equity shares used in calculation of basic earnings per share	5,495.34	2,500.00
Effect of dilution: Share Options	-	3.91 -
Weighted average number of Equity shares used in calculation of diluted earnings per share	5,495.34	2,503.91

32. Disclosure of IndAS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

32.1 Service Concession arrangements

Public-to-private service concession arrangements are recorded according to Appendix "D"

Service Concession Arrangements" IND-AS-115 . Appendix "D" Service Concession Arrangements applies if:

- a) The Grantor controls or regulates which services the operator must provide with the infrastructure, to whom it must provide them, and at what price; and
- b) The grantor controls- through ownership, beneficial entitlement, or otherwise- any significant residual interest in the infrastructure at the end of the term of the arrangement.

If both of the above conditions are met simultaneously, an intangible asset is recognized to the extent that the operator receives the right to charge users of the public service, provided that these charges are conditional on the degree to which the service is used.

These intangible assets are initially recognized at cost, which is understood as the fair value of the service provided plus other direct costs directly attributable to the operation. They are then amortized over the term of the concession.

*The Kutch Railway Company Limited (Company) has entered into a Concession Agreement with Ministry of Railways (MoR), Government of India dated 8th November, 2005 in terms of which the Ministry of Railways (Grantor) has authorized the Company (Operator) to develop, finance, design, engineer, procure, construct, operate and maintain the Project Railway and to exercise and/or enjoy the rights, powers, benefits, privileges authorizations and entitlements upon its completion. In terms of the said agreement KRCL has an obligation to complete construction of the project railway and to keep the project assets in proper working condition including all projects assets whose lives have expired.

The concession is hereby granted for a period of 32 (Thirty Two) Years, commencing on the Appointed Date, or such extended period as provided for in this Agreement, unless terminated earlier.

At the end of concession period, the project assets shall be handed by KRC to MOR and KRC shall be entitled to receive and MOR shall pay to KRC an amount equal to Book Value. The Existing Assets leased to KRC by MoR shall revert back to MoR without any financial consideration.

The Concession Period of 32 years, shall be extended by an equal period of time which corresponds to the period for which material disruption of Operations and Maintenance occurred during the Concession Period.

In case of material breach in terms of the agreement the MOR and KRC both have the right to terminate the agreement if they are not able to cure the event of default in accordance with such agreement.

The Operation and Maintenance of the project railway is being conducted by MOR through Western Railway (WR) under its right, vide agreement dated 21st August, 2007, which is co-terminus with the Concession Agreement, entered into between the MoR and KRC. Further, in terms of this agreement, WR is in performance of Operation and Maintenance of Project Railway from Gandhidham to Palanpur, a total distance of 300.81 Kms and KRC is to pay O&M cost to WR.

Sections:

- (a) Gandhidham Station to Samakhiali Station measuring approximately 53.08 kms,
- (b) Samakhiali station to Bhildi Junction Station measuring approximately 202.23 kms,
- (c) Bhildi Junction Station to Palanpur Station measuring approximately 45.50 kms.

The Palanpur-Gandhidham line was converted to broad-gauge in 2006, and currently serves two major Indian ports viz. Kandla Port and Mundra Port. It also connects the various industries (cement, salt and fertilizer) of Kutch region to their hinterlands. The line would also connect the area to the upcoming Western Railway to dedicated freight corridor as an important feeder line. In order to augment the capacity of the line significantly and handle future traffic growth, the said project needs doubling and electrification and accordingly an Addendum dated 26.10.2020 to Concession Agreement was entered into between the MoR and the Company herein, by virtue of which it was agreed that the Company to undertake (i) Doubling & Electrification of Railway line between Palanpur-samakhiali section measuring about 248 Km & (ii)Electrification of down line between Samakhiali and Gandhidham section measuring about 53 Km. in the state of Gujarat.

A construction Agreement has been entered between Kutch Railway Company Ltd and Rail Vikas Nigam Limited on 13.08.2018 for Palanpur-Samakhiali Doubling. However the work on this project has already started in earlier year. During the FY 2022-23, As per Letter No.16-5/675/409 received dated 24.02.2023 from Commissioner of Railway Safety regarding completion of last part of 248 km line from Palanpur - Samakhyali Section, based on this Company has Capitalised its Doubling Projects. Similarly, for Electrification letter no. EL 92/53/PCEE/Sanction/2022/1(315381) received dated 24.03.2023 commissioned last part to complete the commissioning of Palanpur - Samakhyali Section, accordingly Company has Capitalized its Electrication Projects.

For the year ended 31st March 2024, the company has recognized revenue of ₹ 1,66,659.68 Lakhs (₹ 1,92,738.30 Lakhs for the year 2022-23), consisting of ₹ 48,724.85 lakhs (₹ 79448.74 Lakhs for the year 2022-23) on construction of intangible assets under service concession arrangement and ₹ 1,17,934.83 Lakhs (₹ 1,13,289.56 Lakhs for the year 2022-23) towards sharing of apportioned earnings from operation of railway line under service concession arrangement. The intangible asset under development represents the freight sharing rights under development to receive freight traffic earnings under service concession arrangement.

32.2 Disaggregation Of Revenue

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Income form bulk & Container traffic	1,17,934.83	1,13,289.56
Construction Contract Revenue under SCA	48,724.85	79,448.74
Total	1,66,659.68	1,92,738.30
		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Point In time	1,17,934.83	1,13,289.56
Over the Time	48,724.85	79,448.74
Total	1,66,659.68	1,92,738.30
Contract balances		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Trade receivables	12,165.17	-
Contract assets	-	-
Contract liabilities		-
Total	12,165.17	-
Contract Assets		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Contract Asset at the beginning of the year	-	-
Transfer from Contract Asset to Trade Receivable increase as a result of changes in measure of programmer.		-
Contract Asset at the end of the year		-
Total	-	-

Contract Liabilities (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Contract Liabilities at the beginning of the year	-	-
Transfer from Contract Liabilities to Revenue and inci	rease -	-
as a result of changes in measure of progress		
Contract Liabilities at the end of the year	-	-
Total	-	-

There was no revenue recognized in the current reporting year that related to performance obligations that were satisfied in a prior year.

32.3Construction Contracts

In terms of the disclosure required in IND AS-115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" the amount considered in the financial statements up to the balance sheet date are as follows:
(₹ in Lakhs)

	the year ended 1st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Revenue Recognised on exchanging construction services	48,724.85	79,448.74
Aggregate amount of costs incurred and recognised	48,724.85	79,448.74

33 Capital management

The objective of the company is to manage its capital in a manner to ensure and safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern so that company can continue to provide maximum returns to share holders and benefit to other stake holder Further, company manages its capital structure to make adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants.

Company has taken a Loan during the FY 2023-24 of Rs.28,500.00 lakhs (Previous Year Rs. 6100.00 Lakhs) from Punjab National Bank to finance its project.

Debt Equity Ratio :- (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Borrowings (Note No. 14)	1,18,829.90	99,962.68
Long Term Debt	1,18,829.90	99,962.68
Cash and Cash Equivalent	2,132.99	721.28
Net Debt	1,16,696.91	99,241.40
Equity (Note No. 12)	82,100.00	25,000.00
Other Equity (Note No. 13)	1,74,838.59	1,87,413.62
Total Equity	2,56,938.59	2,12,413.62
Debt Equity Ratio	31:69	07:15

34 Fair Value Measurements

(i) Financial Instruments by Category

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024			As a	at 31st Mar	ch 2023
	FVTPL	FVT OCI	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FVT OCI	Amortised Cost
Financial Assets						
(i) Trade Receivables			12,165.17	-	-	-
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	2,132.99	-	-	721.28
(iii) Bank Balances other than (ii) above	-	-	20,696.86	-	-	1,187.44
(iv) Others	-	-	2,644.74	-	-	7,909.41
Total Financial Assets	-	-	37,639.76	-	-	9,818.13

(₹ in Lakhs)

Financial Liabilities				
(i) Trade Payables	-	- 24,942.65	-	- 31,856.65
(ii) Other financial liabilities	-	- 31,288.59	-	- 39,383.78
(iii) Borrowings	-	- 1,18,829.90	-	- 99,962.68
Total Financial Liabilities	-	- 1,75,061.14	-	- 1,71,203.11

(ii)Fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not measured at fair value (but fair value disclosure are required) (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 3	1st March 2024	As at 31st	March 2023
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
	Value	Value	Value	Value
Financial Assets				
Security Deposit	10.00	9.99	9.30	9.30
Total Financial Assets	10.00	9.99	9.30	9.30
Financial Liabilities				
Over Head Cost Payables	24,940.53	24,484.83	26,035.56	27,482.12
Borrowings	1,18,829.90	1,18,829.90	99,962.68	99,962.68
Lease Liabilities	331.99	331.99	358.72	358.72
Total Financial Liabilities	1,44,102.42	1,43,646.72	1,26,356.96	1,27,803.52

- The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents and other short term receivables and other financial liabilities are considered to the same as their fair values, due to short term nature.
- ii) The fair value of overhead cost payables to railways under service concession arrangement were calculated based on discounted cash flows using interest rate of loans. They are classified as level 3 fair values in fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counterparty credit risk.
- iii) The fair value of Lease liabilities were calculated based on discounted cash flows using interest rate of loans.

Fair Value hierarchy as on 31st March, 2024

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Financial assets at Amortized Cost				
Security Deposits	-	-	9.99	9.99
	-	-	9.99	9.99

Fair Value hierarchy as on 31st March, 2023

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Financial Assets at Amortised C	ost		0.00	0.00
Security Deposit	-	-	9.30	9.30
	-	-	9.30	9.30

Fair Value hierarchy as on 31st March, 2024

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Liabilities				
Financial Liabilities at Amortised Cost				
Over Head Cost Payable	-	-	24,484.83	24,484.83
Borrowings	-	-	1,18,829.90	1,18,829.90
Lease Liabilities	-	-	331.99	331.99
	-	-	1,43,646.72	1,43,646.72

Fair Value hierarchy as on 31st March, 2023

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Liabilities Financial Liabilities at Amortised Cost Over Head Cost Payable Borrowings Lease Liabilities	- - -	:	27,482.12 99,962.68 358.72	27,482.12 99,962.68 358.72
	-	-	1,27,803.52	1,27,803.52

Financial risk management

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprises trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the company's operations and to provide guarantees to support its operation. The Company's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations. The Company is expose to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The company financial risk activities are governed by appropriated policies and procedures and that financial risk are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the companies policies and risk objectives. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risk, which are summarised below:-

The Company is expose to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The company financial risk activities are governed by appropriated policies and procedures and that financial risk are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the companies policies and risk objectives. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risk, which are summarised below:-

a) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises Interest rate risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk includes deposits and other non derivative financial instruments.

b) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instruments will fluctuate because of change in market interest rate. The company exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rate relates primarily to the investment of surplus fund into bank deposits and Term Loan from Banks. The interest rate shall remain fixed during the Moratorium Period of 2 year The company manages its interest risk in accordance with the companies policies and risk objective.

c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customer. The company is exposed to credit risk from its financial activities including deposits with banks, financial institutions and other financial instruments.

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Exposure of Credit Risk		
Cash and cash equivalents	2,132.99	721.28
Other Bank Balances	20,696.86	1,187.44
Other Financial Assets	2,644.74	7,909.41
	25,474.59	9,818.13

d) Liquidity risk

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rest with the board of directors the company manages maintaining adequate banking facilities by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and by matching the maturities of financial liabilities.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as at 31st March 2024 and 31st March 2023 : (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars		As at 31st March 2024				
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2 Years and above	Total		
Borrowing Trade Payables Lease Liabilities Other Financial Liabilities	12,850.00 3,140.43 53.64 30,956.60	12,850.00 3,138.31 55.56	93,129.90 33,475.28 341.09	1,18,829.90 39,754.01 450.28 30,956.60		
	47,000.67	16,043.87	1,26,946.27	1,89,990.79		

Particulars	As	As at 31st March 2023				
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2 Years and above	Total		
Borrowing	7,500.00	10,000.00	82,462.68	99,962.68		
Trade Payables	8,959.40	1,569.16	18,306.79	28,835.35		
Lease Liabilities	53.50	53.64	396.65	503.78		
Other Financial Liabilities	39,025.06	-	-	39,025.06		
	55,537.96	11,622.80	1,01,166.12	1,68,326.87		

Financial instruments and cash deposits

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed in accordance with the companies policy. Investment of surplus are made only with approved counterparty on the basis of the financial quotes received from the counterparty.

35. Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The followings are the key assumptions concerning the future, and the key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting year that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities with next financial year.

a) Fair valuation measurement and valuation

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities is measured the valuation techniques including the DCF model. The inputs to these method are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments. See "Note-34" for further disclosures.

b) Useful life of Property, plant & equipment

As described in Note 2.6 - Property, plant & equipment ,company has estimated useful life of Property, plant & equipment. The financial impact of the above assessment may impact the depreciation expense in subsequent financial year.

c) Useful life of Intangible Assets

As described in Note 2.7(b) - Intangible Assets other than freight Sharing right ,company has estimated useful life of computer software. The financial impact of the above assessment may impact the amortisation expense in subsequent financial year. As per concession agreement, At the end of concession period, the project assets shall be handed by KRC to MOR and KRC shall be entitled to receive and MOR shall pay to KRC an amount equal to Book Value. The Existing Assets leased to KRC by MoR shall revert back to MoR without any financial consideration. It is estimated that this project will continue till end of concession period therefore residual value is considered as nil for the purpose of calculation of Amortisation.

d) Defined benefit plan

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and other post-employment benefits and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ form actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. The parameter most subject to change is the discount rate. In determining the appropriate discount rate for plans, the management considers the interest rates of government bodies in currencies consistent with the currencies of the post-employment benefit obligation.

e) Taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which tax assets can be utilized. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax asset that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profit together with future tax planning strategies.

f) Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue for a performance obligation satisfied over time after reasonably estimating its progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation.

36. Lease Disclosures

(i) The Company has lease contracts for its office Buildings.

(ii) Right of Use Assets

The carrying amounts of right-of-use assets recognised and the movements during the year are disclosed in Note 4.

(iii) Lease Liabilities (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Opening Balance as to the beginning of the year Additions/adjustments during the year	358.71	34.85 361.90
Interest recognised during the year Payment made during the year/total cash outflow for the le	26.77 eases 53.49	11.81 49.85
Closing Balance as on the end of the year	331.99	358.71
Current	28.87	26.73
Non-current	303.12	331.98

(iv) The details of the Contractual Maturities of the Lease Liabilities as at 31st March 2024 and 31st March 2023 on undiscounted basis are as follows:

As at 31st March 2024 (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Less then 1 Year	1-2 years	2 years and above
Lease Liabilities	53.64	55.56	341.09

As at 31st March 2023 (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Less then 1 Year	1-2 years	2 years and above
Lease Liabilities	53.50	53.64	396.65

(v) Amounts recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss

(₹ in Lakhs)

	ne year ended at March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets (Refer Note 26)	41.32	39.76
Interest expense on lease liabilities (Refer Note 25)	26.77	11.81
	68.09	51.57

Gain/loss from sale and leaseback transactions is not applicable to the Company.

(vi) Western Railway (lessor) has leased all the existing assets as per concession agreement and the land to be newly acquired with all rights, easements for the project to the company (lessee) for the duration of concession agreement. i.e. 32 years from November 8, 2005.

Company shall pay to the lessor, an annual lease rental of ₹ 0.01 lakh p.a. payable in advance in the first week of January every year. Upon expiry, the Company is required to hand over the leased assets to Ministry of Railways free form all encumbrances whatsoever. If the concession period is extended/renewed beyond concession period, the lease agreement shall also to be extended/renewed at terms to be mutually decided by the parties.

The Company has taken lease assets from Ministry of Railways under non-cancellable operating lease.

Future minimum rentals payable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows: (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
Within one year	0.01	0.01
After one year but not more than five years	0.04	0.04
More than five years	0.09	0.10
	0.14	0.15

Payments recognised as an expense in the period:-		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars As at 31st March 2024		As at 31st March 2023
Minimum lease payments	0.01	0.01

37. Capital Commitments

Par	ticulars	As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
(a)	Estimated Cost for construction of new Running Room at Bhildi (as per estimate received from Western Railway dt. 20.01.2011 & 30.05.2012 & 19.10.2022 total amount was ₹ 582.77 lakhs. However, total amount incurred as per WR advise till 31.03.2024 is ₹ 502.16 lakhs). Advance given till 31.03.2024 is ₹ 558.55 lakhs	582.77	403.00
	Less: Amount incurred till 31.03.2024.	(558.55)	(378.78)
Balance		24.22	24.22

Particulars		As at 31st March 2024	As at 31st March 2023
(b)	Revised estimated cost of Project of doubling of Palanpur – Samakhyali Section of Railway Line work (as per estimate received from Rail Vikas Nigam Ltd. (RVNL) dt. 17.04.2020 and 25th July 2024)	3,23,073.00	2,86,716.00
	Less: Amount incurred till 31.03.2024	(2,93,801.41)	(2,66,525.04)
	Less; Advance paid till 31.03.2024	(3,705.99)	(3,765.01)
	Balance	25,565.60	16,425.95
(c)	Estimated cost of Project of electrification of Palar – Samakhyali Section of Railway Line work (as per estimate received from Rail Vikas Nigam L (RVNL) dt. 10.01.23)	•	75,500.00
	Less; Amount incurred till 31.03.2024	(68,436.35)	(54,299.75)
	Less; Advance paid till 31.03.2024	(1,560.55)	(1,485.81)
	Balance	5,503.10	19,714.44
(d)	Estimated cost of Project of electrification of Sama - Gandhidham Section of Railway Line work (as per estimate received from CORE dt. 10.01.20	·	9,767.00
	Less; Amount incurred till 31.03.2024	(9,321.40)	(9,321.40)
	*(Advance paid to CORE ₹ 9321.40 lakhs till F.Y 2023-24, ₹ 8667.00 Lakhs till FY 2022-23)		
	Balance	445.60	445.60
(e)	Estimated Cost of Other Projects*	80,432.03	42,745.03
	Less: Amount incurred till 31.03.2024	(5,768.91)	(7,764.31)
	Less: Advance paid till 31.03.2024	(3,613.91)	(4,952.68)
	Balance	71,049.21	30,028.04
	Total estimated amount of contract, remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for in the accounts as on 31.03.2024.	1,02,587.73	66,638.25

^{*} As advice received through letter of Western Railway No. KRC/MD/02/Addl.Works/2023/80 dtd: 26/04/2023 related to completed works as on 31st March 2023 and list of Ongoing Projects Additional Works.

^{*} letter No W/121/8/KRCL dated 14.10.2022 and W/121/8/KRCL 23.05.2023 related to the CTR Work

38. Related Party Disclosures

38.1 Related Parties held equity of company

Name of Party	Relationship	As at 31 March, 2024		As at 31 March, 2023	
		Number of shares held	% holding in that class of shares	Number of shares held	% holding that class of shares
Rail Vikas Nigam Limited	Shareholder	4,105.00	50.00%	1,250.00	50.00%
Kandla Port Trust	Shareholder	2,134.60	26.00%	650.00	26.00%
Adani Ports & SEZ Ltd	Shareholder	1,642.00	20.00%	500.00	20.00%
Govt of Gujarat	Shareholder	328.40	4.00%	100.00	4.00%
Ministry of Railways (Western Railway)	Holding 78.20 % share capital of RVNL				
		8,210.00	100.00%	2,500.00	100.00%

38.2 Key Managerial personnel of the entity

Name	Position
Seema Kumar (upto 08.06.2023)	Chairman
Chhatrasal Singh (w.e.f. 08.06.2023)	Chairman
Vijay Anand (Managing Director upto 20.08.2024 and	Chief Executive Officer
CEO w.e.f 21.08.2024 till date)	
Deepak Arora	Director
Nandeesh Shukla	Director
M P Singh	Director
Jaya Verma Sinha (upto 06.03.2023)	Director
Ajit Singh	Director
Ajit Kumar Panda (upto 22.02.2023)	Director
Bhagyanath Balakrishnan	Director
Santosh Kumar (w.e.f 02.09.2022 upto 17.07.2024)	Director
Rajendra Vara Prasada Rao (upto 05.07.2024)	Director
Unmesh Madhusudan Abhyankar	Director
Bansh Narain Singh	Director
Mudit Mittal (w.e.f. 11.08.2023)	Director
Dinesh Kumar (upto w.e.f. 11.08.2023)	Director
Sajal Mittra (upto 07.11.2023)	Director
Shailendra Kumar (w.e.f. 07.11.2023)	Director
Dinesh Chandra Pandey (upto 08.06.2023)	Director
Sumit Sardana (w.e.f. 08.06.2023)	Director
Meenu Dang (Upto 30.09.2022)	Director
Sanjeev Sharma	Company Secretary
Hitesh Dhingra (upto 08.03.2024)	Chief Financial officer
Gyanendra Kumar Srivastava (w.e.f. 01.06.2024)	Chief Financial officer

38.3 Enterprises over which Key Managerial personnel are able to exercise significant influence

Kutch Railway Company Limited Employee Group Gratuity Trust.

38.4 Disclosure of transaction with related parties:

(i) Joint Venturer: (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Transactions	Transactions
	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Rail Vikas Nigam Limited		
a (i) Amount paid in advance for the Project of doubling of Railway Line between Palanpur - Samakhali (Amount incurred up to 31.03.2024 ₹ 2,79,729.20 Lakhs (up to 31.03.2023 ₹ 2,66,525.04 Lakhs))	30,001.51	20,850.00
(ii) Outstanding Amount Payable/ (Receivable)	4,457.41	21,254.75
(iii) Project Expenditure	13,204.17	38,049.69
 b (i) Amount paid in advance for the Project of electrification of Railway Line between Palanpur Samakhali (Amount incurred up to 31.03.2024 ₹ 68,436.35 Lakhs (up to 31.03.2023 ₹ 54,354.8) 	3 Lakhs)	-
(ii) Project Expenditure	14,081.53	11,942.44
(iii) Outstanding Amount Payable/ (Receivable)	3,481.87	10,070.98
c Amount paid in advance for the Project of CORE (Amount incurred up to 31.03.2024 ₹ 1319.97 (up to 31.03.2023 ₹ 1319.97)	-	654.40
d. Rail Vikas Nigam Limited	3.49	3.49
e. Share Application Money Received	28,549.99	14,275.00
f. Payment of Final Dividend- (i) Rail Vikas Nigam Limited (ii) Adani Port (iii) Deen Dayal port (iv) Govt. of Gujarat Interim Dividend- (i) Rail Vikas Nigam Limited	- - - -	- - - -
(ii) Adani Port	-	-
(iii) Deen Dayal port	-	-
(iv) Govt. of Gujarat	-	-

(ii) Ministry of Railways (Western Railway):

Particulars	Transactions	Transactions	
	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023	
Revenue from Operations	1,17,934.83	1,13,289.56	
Operations & maintenance expense	81,686.32	80,158.53	
Construction Contract Cost under SCA	48,724.85	79,448.74	
Overhead Cost Payment during the year	3,138.31	3,138.31	
Outstanding Amount (Payable)/ Receivable	(27,586.72)	(48,708.79)	

(iii) Kutch Railway Company Limited Employee Group Gratuity Trust.

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Transactions	Transactions	
	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023	
Contribution made	6.77	19.01	
Others (Audit Fee)	0.20	0.18	
Outstanding Amount (Payable)/ Receivable	-		

The amount outstanding are unsecured and will be settled in future. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivable or payable.

38.5 Compensation of key management personnel:

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management personnel during the year was as follows:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March 2024	For the year ended 31st March 2023
Short-term benefits	93.47	140.54
Post-employment benefits	-	-
Other long-term benefits	33.36	57.79
Termination benefits	-	-
Share-based payment		-
	126.83	198.33

39 Receivables including advances and payables are subject to confirmation, reconciliation and consequential adjustments, if any.

The Company has a system of obtaining periodical written confirmation from its suppliers to identify Micro Enterprises & Small Enterprises. Based on such identification the Company makes provision for unpaid dues under Section 16 of Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 & its disclosure required under Section 22 of the said Act. The amount due to Micro Enterprises & Small Enterprises for more than 45 days is Nil (Previous Year Nil).

40 Contingent liability

- i) One of the former employees Mr. Devendra Singh on deputation from Indian Railways has filed a writ petition on 22.07.2010 against the Company in respect of dues on account of difference in pay scales. The impact of the same has not been quantified in the writ.
- ii) During the financial year 2014-15, Company received a show cause notice from the Director General of Central Excise Intelligence, regarding the liability of Service Tax of ₹ 21,359 Lakhs and interest and penalty thereon. The Company has not accepted the liability and has submitted its reply to the Show Cause Notice on 06.01.2015. A personal hearing has also been held in this regard on 21.09.2015 before the Principal Commissioner of Service Tax, Delhi-I. A similar statement of demand cum show cause notice has also been received for F. Yr. 2014-15 on 05.04.2016 in which a demand of ₹ 8,207 Lakhs has been raised. It has also been replied on 24.05.2016. For F.Y. 2015-16, 2016-17, 2017-18 (upto 30.06.2017), the statement of demand cum show cause notice in which a total demand of ₹ 21165.83 Lakhs cum show cause notice was served on 22.03.2018, which was replied on 18.05.2018. During the current financial year department has communicated that matter is kept in abeyance in view of the appeal on the identical issue filed by the department in the case of M/s Mundra port and special economic zone limited before the Hon'ble supreme court.
- iii) Western Railway has carried out the work of elimination of 30 level crossings by converting them into mannad or by construction of RUB/LHS against the estimate of ₹ 2125 Lakhs. ₹ 1385 Lakhs has been deposited by the company towards this work till 31-03-2022. For elimination of unmanned level crossing, Railway Board

has issued instructions that the cost shall be borne by Railways, Whereas WR is of opinion that this amount should be borne by SPV/Company. Accordingly Company has requested to WR to refund the amount of ₹ 1385 Lakhs paid to WR towards elimination of unmand level crossing.

- iv) As per the Construction Agreement for Palanpur-Samakhiali doubling, there is a provision for contingencies of 0.5% as mentioned in estimated project cost.
- v) Further board of directors in the 106th meeting held on 23th August 2024 is of the view that the levy of interest by RVNL for delayed payment beyond the original estimate cost of Rs. 1548.66 Crs should not be made on the basis of RVNL demand for funds. Interest should not be charged till the Revised estimate (1st or 2nd) is sanctioned by KRCL. Board and a period of 2 yrs has passed which is required by KRCL to mobilise the funds for the cost overrun.

Based on this, Company has not accepted the Interest charged by the RVNL after Sep 2023, accordingly interest of amounting Rs. 1385.00 Lakhs under the Project of doubling of Palanpur - Samakhyali Section and interest of amounting Rs 984.72 Lakhs under Project of electrification of Palanpur - Samakhyali Section has not been provided in the Financial statements of Financial Year 2023-2024

Company has not accepted the interest calculation done by the RVNL, accordingly interest of amounting ₹ 1385.00 Lakhs under the Project of doubling of Palanpur – Samakhyali Section and interest of amounting ₹ 984.72 Lakhs under Project of electrification of Palanpur – Samakhyali Section has not been recorded in the FY 2023-24.

41 Impairment of Assets

On the basis of review, the management is of the opinion that the economic performance of non financial assets of the Company is not lower than expected and therefore there is no impairment of any assets as on the Balance Sheet date.

- 42 (i) In terms of Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) executed on 3rd January, 2004 amongst Ministry of Railways (MOR), Govt. of Gujarat (GOG), Kandla Port Trust (KPT) and Adani Ports & SEZ Ltd. (Mundra Port), the Company has been entrusted with the project of conversion of rail link between Gandhidham and Palanpur from Meter Gauge to Broad Gauge.
 - (ii) The Company has got the project work of Palanpur-Gandhidham gauge conversion through Western Railways (WR) as deposit work. The Western Railways has been the executing agency for the deposit works contracts executed in respect of the project as per MOU & the Construction Agreement was executed with Western Railway on 06th October 2005.
- 43 a) The Operation & Maintenance Agreement provides for a Joint Procedure Order to be prepared by WR & Company, which has been finalized and signed on 12 December 2019 and contains computation of Operation and Maintenance cost and apportioned earnings. However, the figures have been accounted for as advised by WR based on calculation as decided in the Operation & Maintenance Agreement.
 - b) Up To F.Y 2015-16, the Operation & Maintenance cost includes deferred expenses on account of overhead (i.e. salary for RPF, Accounts, Medical & Personnel and corresponding retirement benefits-DCRG, Pension, Leave salary etc.) which are not payable to WR as it is deferred for the first ten years of operation of the line and the same shall be payable by Company over a period of 20 years commencing from the 11th year of operation, in terms of clause 3.1.5 of the Operation & Maintenance Agreement.
- 44 The project of Gauge Conversion work completed by WR has been duly capitalized under different heads of Property, Plant and Equipment on the basis of advices received from WR on year to year basis. Besides that the Company has also supplied material to WR to the tune of ₹ 11,997.00 Lakhs for completion of project (capitalized under other Intangible assets / Permanent Way) which is subject to verification and reconciliation with WR.

An amount of ₹ 442.18 Lakhs is also outstanding as on 31st March 2024 (₹ 442.18 Lakhs in Previous Year) to WR for the project work which is also subject to verification and reconciliation with WR.

45 In terms of the MOU:

- (i) The land, station buildings, Meter Gauge formation, bridges and all other existing assets of the Meter Gauge system will continue to be the property of MOR, and the assets so created or built or constructed by the Company shall be owned by the Company.
- (ii) MOR shall be responsible for the operations and maintenance of the broad gauge rail link between Gandhidham and Palanpur, for which it shall be fully compensated by the Company in accordance of agreement dated 21st August 2007.

(iii) MOR shall collect earnings from the traffic originating and terminating or passing through this line, and apportion to the Company its due share after defraying the operation and maintenance cost.

46 Employee Benefits

46.1 Retirement Benefits

The summarized position of Post-employment benefits and long term employee benefits recognized in the statement of Profit & Loss and Balance Sheet are under:-

(a) Change in the present value of the obligation

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at 31.3.2024		As at 3	1.3.2023
Particulars	Gratuity	Leave Encashment	Gratuity	Leave Encashment
	(Funded)	(Unfunded)	(Funded)	(Unfunded)
Opening Present value of obligation	109.12	201.59	111.57	255.88
Interest Cost	8.01	14.80	7.99	18.32
Past Service Cost	-	-	-	-
Current service cost	11.50	30.03	8.86	16.98
Benefits paid	(0.65)	(1.59)	(20.00)	(29.72)
Actuarial loss/(gain) on obligations	5.78	32.91	0.70	(59.86)
Closing Present value of obligation	133.76	277.74	109.12	201.59

(b) Change in present value of plan asset

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars Gratuity (Funded) (Funded) (Funded) (Funded) (Punded)	•				
Copening Fair value of plan assets 94.48 NIL 90.14 Expected return on plan assets 7.91 NIL 3.31 Employers contribution 6.45 NIL 19.46 Benefits paid - NIL (20.00) Actuarial (loss)/gain on obligations (0.49) NIL 1.57	As at 31.3.2024 As at 31.3.2023	As at 31.3.2024 As at 31.3			
Expected return on plan assets 7.91 NIL 3.31 Employers contribution 6.45 NIL 19.46 Benefits paid - NIL (20.00) Actuarial (loss)/gain on obligations (0.49) NIL 1.57	Encashment Encashme		Particulars		
Employers contribution6.45NIL19.46Benefits paid-NIL(20.00)Actuarial (loss)/gain on obligations(0.49)NIL1.57	94.48 NIL 90.14 N	94.48	Opening Fair value of plan assets		
Benefits paid - NIL (20.00) Actuarial (loss)/gain on obligations (0.49) NIL 1.57	7.91 NIL 3.31 N	7.91	Expected return on plan assets		
Actuarial (loss)/gain on obligations (0.49) NIL 1.57	6.45 NIL 19.46 N	6.45	Employers contribution		
, , ,	- NIL (20.00) N	-	Benefits paid		
01 : 5 : 1 (1) 400.05	(0.49) NIL 1.57 N	(0.49)	Actuarial (loss)/gain on obligations		
Closing Fair value of plan assets 108.35 NIL 94.48	08.35 NIL 94.48 N	108.35	Closing Fair value of plan assets		

c) Fair Value of Plan Assets

	As at 31.3.2024		As at 3	1.3.2023
Particulars	Gratuity	Leave Encashment	Gratuity	Leave Encashment
	(Funded)	(Unfunded)	(Funded)	(Unfunded)
Opening Fair value of plan assets	94.48	NIL	90.14	NIL
Actual Return on Plan Assets	7.42	NIL	4.88	NIL
Contribution	6.45	NIL	19.46	NIL
Benefits Paid	-	NIL	(20.00)	NIL
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	108.35	NIL	94.48	NIL
Closing Present value of obligation	133.76	NIL	109.12	NIL
Funded Status	(25.41)	NIL	(14.64)	NIL

(d) Amount recognized in balance sheet

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at 31.3.2024		As at 31.3.2023	
Particulars	Gratuity	Leave Encashment	Gratuity	Leave Encashment
	(Funded)	(Unfunded)	(Funded)	(Unfunded)
Estimated present value of obligations at end of the year	133.76	277.74	109.12	201.59
Fair value of plan assets at the end of year	108.35	-	94.48	-
Funded Status	(25.41)	(277.74)	(14.64)	(201.59)
Net liability recognized in balance sheet	25.41	277.74	14.64	201.59

(e) Expense recognized in the statement of Profit & Loss Account

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As a	As at 31.3.2024		31.3.2023
Particulars	Gratuity	Leave Encashment	Gratuity	Leave Encashment
	(Funded)	(Unfunded)	(Funded)	(Unfunded)
Past service cost	-	-	-	-
Current service cost	11.50	30.03	8.86	16.98
Interest Cost	1.07	14.80	1.53	18.32
Actuarial Gain and loss	-	32.91	-	-59.86
Total expenses recognized in Profit & Loss Account	12.57	77.74	10.39	-24.56

(f) Remaeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income (Gain)/loss

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As a	As at 31.3.2024		31.3.2023
Particulars	Gratuity	Leave Encashment	Gratuity	Leave Encashment
	(Funded)	(Unfunded)	(Funded)	(Unfunded)
Remeasurements of plan assets	0.49	-	1.57	-
Remeasurements of Obligation	-5.78	-	0.70	-
Total (gain)/loss recognized in other comprehensive income	(5.29)	-	2.27	-

(g) Bifurcation of PBO at the end of year in current and non current.

	As at 31.3.2024		As at 3	31.3.2023
Particulars	Gratuity	Leave Encashment	Gratuity	Leave Encashment
	(Funded)	(Unfunded)	(Funded)	(Unfunded)
Current liability (Amount due within one year)	6.00	74.14	5.31	22.14
Non-Current liability (Amount due over one year)	127.76	203.60	103.82	179.46
Total PBO at the end of year	133.76	277.74	109.13	201.59

(h) Expected contribution for the next Annual reporting period.

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at 31.3.2024		As at 31.3.2023	
Particulars	Gratuity (Funded)	Leave Encashment (Unfunded)	Gratuity (Funded)	Leave Encashment (Unfunded)
Service Cost Net Interest Cost	8.59 1.84	15.93 20.08	10.34 1.07	16.23 14.80
Expected Expense for the next	10.43	36.01	11.41	31.03
annual reporting period		00.01		01.00

(i) Principal actuarial assumption as expressed as weighted average

	As at 31.3.2024		As at 31	.3.2023
Particulars	Gratuity	Leave Encashment	Gratuity	Leave Encashment
	(Funded)	(Unfunded)	(Funded)	(Unfunded)
Discount rate Expected rate of salary increase Method used	7.23% 10%	7.23% 10%	7.34% 10.00%	7.34% 10.00%
Wothou dood	Projected Unit Credit (PUC)			

(j) Sensitivity analysis:

The above sensitivity analysis is based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (projected unit credit method) has been applied as when calculating the defined benefit obligation recognised within the statement of financial position.

(** in Lakhs*)

Change in	Change in assumptions	Effect on Gratuity obligation	Effect on Leave Encashment
Discount Rate	+0.50%	-3.63	-8.35
	-0.50%	3.86	8.96
Salary Growth Rate	+0.50%	1.33	8.69
	-0.50%	-1.51	-8.19

(k) Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation

S.No	Year	Gratuity	Leave encashment
a)	0 to 1 Year	6.00	74.14
b)	1 to 2 Year	26.14	14.21
c)	2 to 3 Year	32.11	51.06
d)	3 to 4 Year	15.58	27.01
e)	4 to 5 Year	2.94	6.05
f)	5 to 6 Year	2.80	5.76
g)	6 Year onwards	48.20	99.51

(I) Major Categories of Plan Assets -

Particulars	31.03.2024	31.03.2023
a) Government of India Securities	-	-
b) State Government securities	-	-
c) High Quality Corporate Bonds	-	-
d) Equity Shares of listed companies	-	-
e) Property	-	-
f) Funds Managed by Insurer	100%	100%
g) Bank Balance	-	-

46.2 Post Employment benefits in form of National Pension Scheme (NPS) are defined contribution schemes :

The company has no obligation, other than the contribution @10% of Basic pay plus dearness allowance payable under such scheme and Charges payable for operation of the Pension scheme will be borne by the Company. Company subscribes to Corporate NPS of the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority (PFRDA) for the pension benefits of all regular employees of the company w.e.f. 01.01.2017 during the meeting of Board of Directors held on 22nd Feb 2023.

During the year FY 2023-24 company has recognized contribution of Rs 16.25 Lakhs for the FY 2023-24 (previous year of Rs 103.81 Lakhs for the period 01.01.2017 to 31.03.2023.)

47. Corporate Social Responsibility

(₹ in Lakhs)

Year	Amount Required to Spend	Amount Spent	Unspent as on 31st March 2024
FY 2023-24			
- Relate to FY 2023-24	320.14	14.00	306.14
-Upto FY 2022-23	311.48	211.40	100.08
Total	631.62	225.40	406.22
FY 2022-23			
- Relate to FY 2022-23	289.29	83.51	205.78
-Upto FY 2021-22	320.41	214.71	105.70
Total	609.70	298.22	311.48

(a) Amount approved by the Board to be spent during the year:

Year	Year ended 31.03.2024	Year ended 31.03.2023
Amount approved by the Board to be spent during the year	320.14	289.00
Total	320.14	289.00

(b) Details of Amount spent during the year is as follow:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	In cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total
For the Year ended 31st March 2024			
(i) Construction/Acquisition of any Asset(ii) On purpose other than (i) above			
 a) Contribution to four funds as mentioned in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 	0.25	-	0.25
b) Environment Sustainability	53.15	-	53.15
c) Promoting Education	55.54	-	55.54
d) Health and Hygiene	116.46	-	116.46
Total	225.40	-	225.40
For the Year ended 31st March 2023			
(i) Construction/Acquisition of any Asset	-	-	-
(ii) On purpose other than (i) above	-	-	-
 a) Contribution to four funds as mentioned in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 	109.61	-	109.61
b) Environment Sustainability	13.10	-	13.10
c) Promoting Education	137.40	-	137.40
d) Health and Hygiene	38.11	-	38.11
Total	298.22	-	298.22

- (c) Amount equivalent to ₹ 306.14 lakhs (Previous Year: ₹ 205.78 Lakhs) is transferred in Separate Bank Account (CSR Unspent A/c), which pertains to Ongoing Projects.
- (d) Amount Non spent is related to the Ongoing Projects. Details of the same are given below.

Details of ongoing project

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As on 31st March 2024 (Ongoing Projects)							
Opening Ba	alance	Amount required to be spent during the year	Amount spent during the year		•		Closing	g Balance
With Company	In Separate CSR Unspent A/c		From From Separate Company's CSR bank A/c Unspent A/c		With Company	In Separate / CSR Unspent A/c*		
	311.47	320.14	14.00	211.40	-	406.22		

As on 31st March 2023 (Ongoing Projects)						
Opening B	alance	Amount required Amount spent during to be spent the year during the year				Balance
With Company	In Separate CSR Unspent A/c		From From Separate Company's CSR bank A/c Unspent A/c		With Company	In Separate CSR Unspent A/c*
	329.34	289.29	83.51	223.65	-	311.47

e) Amount related to the Other than Ongoing Projects are as follows:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Unspent Amount Other than Ongoing Projects at 31st March 2024					
Opening Balance	Amount deposited in Specified Fund of Sch. VII within 6 months	Amount required to be spent during the year	Amount spent during the year	Closing Balance	
-	-	•	-	-	

(₹ in Lakhs)

Unspent Amount Other than Ongoing Projects at 31st March 2023					
Opening Balance	Amount deposited in Specified Fund of Sch. VII within 6 months	Amount required to be spent during the year	Amount spent during the year	Closing Balance	
-	-	-	-	-	

Details of the ongoing Projects along with (Name of the Project, State, starting year, Amount etc.)

Name of the Project	Agency	State		Amount in Lakhs
Mobile medical van Project	Shri Ramakrishna Math, Rajkot	Rajkot, Gujarat	3 Years	22.42
Mobile medical van Project	Shri Ramakrishna Ashram, Rajkot	a Rajkot, 3 Ye Gujarat		22.92
Construction of 9 seated public toilet complex	Sulab International School of Action Sociology & Sociology of Sanitation (SISASSS), Delhi	Gandhidham Gujarat	12 months after signing of MOU	62.03
Mobile medical van Project	Ramakrishna Math Mandal	Ahmedabad, Gujarat	3 Years	22.92
Mobile medical van Project	Shri Ramakrishna Kendra	Adipur, Gujarat	3 Years	20.70
SASHAKT RAMANI" aimed at nurturing female wellness	M/s Digigaon Job Factory Foundation, New Delhi	Palanpur and Gandhidham	12 Months	32.69
Installation of Solar based water purification system in government schools	M/s Digigaon Job Factory Foundation, New Delhi	Palanpur and Gandhidham	12 Months	64.43
Enabling educational infrastructure in 5 government rural school	Society for the Upliftment of Villagers & Development of Himalayan Areas (SUVIDHA), Haldwani, Uttrakhand	Banaskantha, Gujrat	8 Months	58.46
Women's health & menstrual Hygiene	Sulab International School of Action Sociology & Sociology of Sanitation (SISASSS), Delhi	Banaskantha, Gujarat	6 Months	0.70
Establishment of "Mini Science Centre (MSC)"	Samabhavana	Banaskantha, Gujarat	14 Months	14.17
		-		321.44

Unspent amount related to the ongoing Projects as on 31st March 2024 has been transferred in the Punjab National Bank Account No:- 2164002100012568 related to FY 2023-24 amounting ₹ 306.14 lakhs (related to Previous Years transferred in the Punjab National Bank Account No:- 2164002100012522 related to FY 2022-23 amounting ₹ 205.77 lakhs by the Company).

(e) Movement in Provisions for CSR as on 31st March 2024

(₹ in Lakhs)

Opening Balance	Provision made during the year	Payment made during the year	Closing balance
311.48	320.14	225.40	406.22

Movement in Provisions for CSR as on 31st March 2023

(₹ in Lakhs)

Opening Balance	Provision made during the year	Payment made during the year	Closing balance
320.41	289.29	298.22	311.48

48 Payment to the Auditors

Payment to the Auditors comprises of the following:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended 31st March 2024	Year ended 31st March 2023
Auditor*	5.00	5.00
Auditor (Earlier years)	-	-
For taxation matters *	0.50	0.50
GST	0.99	1.07
Total	6.49	6.57

^{*} Excluding GST

49 Resurfacing \replacement Cost

As Per Ind-AS 115 The operator (Kutch Railway) may have contractual obligations, it must fulfil as a condition of its license (a) to maintain the infrastructure to a specified level of serviceability or (b) to restore the infrastructure to a specified condition before it is handed over to the grantor at the end of the service arrangement. These contractual obligations to maintain or restore infrastructure, except for any upgrade element shall be recognised and measured in accordance with Ind AS 37 Provision, i.e. at the best estimate of the expenditure that would be required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period.

In terms of Concession agreement, there is an obligation on the Company to keep the project assets in working condition, including replacement, as per laid down standards of MOR, for project assets, whose codal lives expire during the concession period. Accordingly, Company is required to provide for, in respect of replacement obligations arising during the remaining concession period as per requirement of the Ind AS 115 for best estimate of expenditure required to settle obligation. Company has make an assessment in respect of its project assets and their respective codal lives. The company is of the opinion that the codal lifes of most of the assets are over the concession period. At present reliable estimate for restoration obligation is not available, therefore provision for same is not provided in financial statements, the same will be provided in the year in which reliable estimate becomes available.

50 Application of IndAS on material items

The Prior Period Items and changes in accounting polices are applied retrospectively on account of materiality only in line with the provisions of Indian Accounting Standards.

51 Operating Segment Reporting

Operating segment are reported in the manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to chief operating decision maker(CODM). CODM has identified only one operating segment, hence no separate disclosure are required.

- 52 Expenses incurred by RVNL on behalf of the Company on Samakhiali-Palanpur doubling projects are being accounted for based on advice of RVNL without verification thereof for the year ending 31st March 2024. Discrepancies if any pointed out by consultant after verification of the same are subject to confirmation from RVNL and adjustment in Books accordingly.
- 53 Advances given to Western Railway for Capital expenditure has been reconciled during the year in respect of to the extent advice received from Western Railways.

54 On the basis of review of Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values of Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible Assets, the management is of the opinion that there is no change in the Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values of Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible Assets.

55 Disclosures pursuant to amendment in Schedule III of the Companies Act 2013:

The MCA vide notification dated 23rd March 2021 has amended Schedule III to the Companies Act. 2013 in respect of certain disclosures which are applicable from 1st April 2021. The Company has incorporated the changes as per the said amendment in the financial statements and below disclosures are made in compliance of the said amendment:

- (i) The Company has no transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or Section 560 of Companies Act, 1956 during the period.
- (ii) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency during the period.
- (iii) The Company do not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any Benami property.
- (iv) The Company do not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- (v) The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (vi) The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,
- (vii) The Company does not have any loans and advances in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMP and other related parties.
- (viii) The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been subsequently surrendered or disclosed as income during the year as part of the on going tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- (ix) The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (x) The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.
- (xi) The Company do not have any title deeds of immovable properties not held in name of the company.
- (xii) The Company does not have any investment property.
- (xiii) Company is not required to submit statement of current assets with the bank and therefore reconcilation of the statement filed by the company with bank and the books of accounts is not applicable.
- (xiv) The Company has not revalued any item of property, plant and equipment and Intangible Assets.
- (xv) The Company does not have any transactions where the company has not used the borrowings from banks and financial institutions for the specific purpose for which it was taken at the balance sheet date.
- (xvi) The Company have not entered into any scheme(s) of arrangements during the financial year.

(xvii) The following accounting ratios are disclosed:

Particulars	Numerator	Denomi- nator	Current Period	Previous Period	% Variance	Reason for Variance
Current ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	0.77	0.14	465.80%	Receivables from western railway is pending due to which current assets balance has increased.
Debt-equity ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	0.46	0.47	-1.73%	NA
Debt service coverage ratio	Earnings for debt service = Net profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses	Debt service = Interest & Lease Payments + Principal Repayments	3.43	3.89	-11.83%	NA
Return on equity ratio	Net Profits after taxes – Preference Dividend	Average Shareholder's Equity	0.01	0.04	-79.14%	Due to decrease in the Profit during thr Current financial year.
Inventory turnover ratio	Cost of goods sold	Average Inventory		NA		
Trade receivables turnover ratio	Sales	Average Trade Receivable		NA		
Trade payable turnover ratio	Purchases	Average Trade Payables	2.89	2.46	17.53%	NA
Net capital turnover ratio	Sales	Working Capital	-10.14	-2.24	352.76%	Receivable from WR is pending due to which current assets balance has increased
Net profit ratio	Net Profit	Sales	0.02	0.07	-76.67%	Due to decrease in the Profit during thr Current financial year.
Return on capital employed	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital Employed	-0.11	-0.09	20.13%	NA
Retun on investment	Interest Income	Investment	0.05	0.09	-44.55%	Returns Not Annualised.

56 Carried Route and Booked Route

Since the financial year i.e. 2013-14, Western Railway has computed Company's share of apportioned earnings on the basis of 'carried route' instead of 'booked route'. Accordingly, apportioned earnings have been reduced by Rs. 3,875.09 Lakhs for the Year ending 31.03.2020. The Company has contested against this method of calculation of apportioned earnings at various levels in Railways. The approximate amount of Rs.2550.00 Lakhs may be deducted by on this account for earlier financial years (from 2006-07 to 2008-09). The same has been estimated as follows:-

Financial Year	Loaded Trains (no.)	Approx. deduction in Apportioned Earning on the basis of No. of loaded trains (in Lakhs Rs.)	NTKM (Lakhs)	Approx. deduction in Apportioned Earnings on the basis NTKM (in Lakhs Rs.)
2006-07	3166	500.00	1,345.00	500.00
2007-08	6617	1,100.00	21,229.00	800.00
2008-09	7696	1,200.00	24,842.00	1,000.00
Total		2,800.00		2,300.00

The average amount of both of above methods works out to be Rs.2550.00 Lakhs (approx.). The impact of the same will be reduction in Reserves and Sundry Debtors by Rs.2550.00 Lakhs (approx.) in the subsequent years as and when advised by the Western Railway. Further Demands for the year from 2009-10 onwards has been claimed by WR on the subject and recorded by the Company in statement of profit and loss in the year of claim but no demand has been raised for the year 2006-07 to 2008-09 which is not provided for in the books.

57 Goods and Services Tax

Based on the recommendation of the 53rd GST Council, vide notification no 04/2024 dated 12th July 2024, GST on the services provided by Special Purpose Vehicles (SPV) to Indian Railway by way of allowing Indian Railway to use infrastructure built & owned by SPV during the concession period and maintenance services supplied by Indian Railways to SPV are exempted w.e.f. 15th July 2024.

Further, vide Circular no. 228/22/2024-GST dated 15th July 2024, as recommended by the 53rd GST Council, GST on the supply of services by SPVS to Ministry of Railways (Indian Railways) by way of allowing it to use infrastructure built and owned by them during the concession period against consideration and maintenance services supplied by Ministry of Railways (Indian Railways) to SPVs in relation to such use of infrastructure built and owned by SPVS during the concession period against consideration is regularized for the period from 01.07.2017 to 14.07.2024 on 'as is where is' basis.

58 Approval of Financial Statements

The financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 05.09.2024.

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

As per our report of even date attached

For R S P H & Associates
Chartered Accountants

FRN: 003013N Sd/-

CA Tarun Kumar Batra

Partner

M. No.: 094318

UDIN: 24094318BKELEB6645

Place: New Delhi Date: 05.09.2024 For & on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/- Sd/- Sd/Vijay Anand M. P. Singh Ajit Singh
(CEO) Director Director

(DIN: 08165734) (DIN: 08076926)

Sd/- Sd/-

Sanjeev Sharma Gyanendra Shrivastav

(Company Secretary) (CFO)